

Health and Strength.

Good Health and Strength are Important factors

toward having a sound mind. A naturally strong minded person is greatly handicapped and oftentimes incapacitated when this is not coupled with a sound body and health.

There is perhaps nothing that will build up the body and its vital organs more thoroughly than good succulent meat. We aim to have the best of everything in the meat line and cordially invite your patronage.

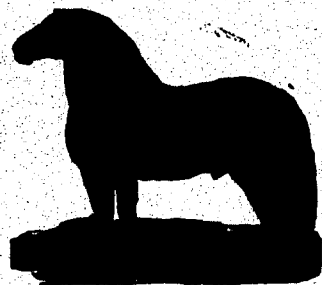
Milk's Market

Phone Number two

LIVERY & SALES STABLES

Prompt livery service ready at any time. Also heavy work.

Farms and farm lands and village property for sale.



N. P. OLSON Grayling
Langevin's Old Stand.

TAILORING FOR MEN

who are looking for

PERFECT FITTING GARMENTS

The samples of woollens that we have on display are the most beautiful that we have ever had, and we respectfully invite every gentleman in the city and surrounding towns to come in and inspect them. We are especially proud of our line this season and are anxious that people should see them whether they want to buy a suit or not.

Our Overcoat samples also will please you. We have unlimited capacity and can have your orders ready within a reasonable time.

Also Ladies' Tailor Made Suits.

A. E. Hendrickson

Cleaning, Repairing, Pressing. MERCHANT TAILOR.
Over Collens' Restaurant.

The canning season is here and we are ready to receive your orders for

Tomatoes, Plums, Pears, Peaches, Cucumbers, etc.

We also have the new

Easy Seal Fruit Jars

which are guaranteed strictly SANITARY—and can rubbers

Our Stock of Groceries

is as usual complete and we can fill all orders at a few minutes notice.

Call, or phone No. 25 and we will do the rest.

Yours,

H. PETERSEN

GROCER.

NEW WAR ON TUBERCULOSIS

Plan Paris Has Adopted Regarded as an Important Medical Revolution in Hygiene.

Paris.—All the physicians of France agree that the recent decree regarding tuberculosis is a revolution in hygiene. In their enthusiasm they say it is for public health what the revolution of 1789 was for politics.

The Academy of Medicine has declared that a declaration of tuberculosis should be obligatory; that it should impose an obligation of help for the sufferer and his family. It takes the stand that the public good demands this declaration.

This declaration must be made to a special medical officer, who will be bound to secrecy, and impress upon the authorities an obligation to help the sick and their families.

It is noted that professional secrecy is safeguarded. Hitherto physicians have held back through fear that their beloved professional secrecy might be violated.

The declaration has no element of annoyance either for the ill or for the physicians. So far from being made outcasts, those afflicted and their families must be helped from the public purse. It is distinctly stated that to this they have a right.

The leaders in this great movement are Dr. Roux, director of the Pasteur Institute, and Dr. Letelle, chief of the permanent commission on tuberculosis.

Dr. Roux has been connected in various capacities with the Pasteur Institute for the last 35 years. He began in a very humble capacity, and has worked his way up until nine years ago he became head of that famous institution. He is the author of many learned works, and has the reputation of being the most hard-working physician in Paris.

WOMEN HEAR SENATOR CLAPP

Minnesota Statesman Addresses Suffragettes at Hyattsville, Md., Just Before They Reached Capital.

Hyattsville, Md.—Senator Moses E. Clapp of Minnesota is here depicted delivering his address to the assembled



The Lord Giveth The Word The Women Can Publish the

delegations of suffragettes at Hyattsville, just before they proceeded to Washington to deliver their petitions to the U. S. Senate.

CAMERA'S EYE CATCHES CRIME

Mixed-Up Scene Focused, Photographer Saw One Man Stabbing Another.

Pittsburgh.—While making a photograph of the Monongahela valley from a hill overlooking Braddock, Ray Calvert of Swissvale saw focused on the ground glass of his camera a man with knife uplifted attack another. In his excitement the photographer fell over an embankment wrecking his machine. Calvert notified the police and they arrived on the scene in time to find Anthony Goura crawling away with a dozen-stab wound in his body. He had been robbed of \$126 by a fellow-countryman. The highwayman's victim is in a serious condition. The assailant escaped.

Injunction Against Mother-in-Law. Omaha, Neb.—Lester L. King, a wealthy business man here, secured an injunction enjoining his mother-in-law, Mrs. Levi Gardner, of Harvard, Ill., to keep out of his home. Mrs. Gardner has been visiting the King family for some months and, according to King, caused trouble between him and his wife. Mother-in-law refused to leave when requested to do so, and King obtained the injunction.

Did Not Know Her Own Baby. New York.—Mrs. Ray Heller, of Brooklyn, left her baby in front of a store. When she came out it required some time to convince her that the child was her own, account of black paint from a roof having dripped over the infant.

Man and Wife Reconciled. Yonkers, N. Y.—Charged with abandonment in court here, George Safford accused his wife of selling the cook stove so she would not have to cook his meals. Court brought about a reconciliation.

THE HANSON STATE MILITARY RESERVATION.

Work of Clearing Camp Site Being Rapidly Pushed.

About 130 acres of land on the south shore of Portage Lake, that are to be used as maneuver and parade grounds for the Michigan National Guards, are well under way of being cleared. Also work on the construction of the branch railroad of the Michigan Central has begun. The work of clearing and building the railroad are being done under contract with W. E. Tench & Co. of Detroit. As soon as the grubs and brush are cleared away the land will be ploughed and seeded.

The United States War department is erecting a residence for the caretaker of the grounds and properties. This building is nearly finished and is going to be complete in almost every way. It is a two story building with full basement and attic. The upper floor will be for the private use of the caretaker and his family. The lower floor will also be for his use with the exception of the sitting room, sleeping rooms and bath room, which during the encampment will be for the use of the officers.

The building is located on a high knoll overlooking the lake. A look-out-cupola on the building affords the observer a magnificent view of the surrounding country. The building will be fully equipped with a hot air heating plant; water system, bath and drainage. In the sitting room is a cozy fire place, built of small hard-head stone.

There is also in course of construction a warehouse, size 56 x 150 feet. It will be two stories high with full basement. This, it is believed, will accommodate the storage of tents, blankets, and other supplies required by the state for military purposes. It is being built of white brick and will have an asphalt shingle roof. The building will contain fifty windows, 12 double doors and two single doors, the latter will be for entrance to the office of Quartermaster General and Commissioner General. Side tracks of the Michigan Central railroad will run full length of each side of the building.

The warehouse is being built under contract of Niels C. Nielsen, of this city, who furnished the working plans and is giving the construction work his personal supervision. The brick for the warehouse is made in Manistee by the Manistee Brick Co. and the lumber used is from the R. Hanson & Son's Co. of this city.

The work on these two buildings is being pushed rapidly. Mr. Nielsen says that 100,000 brick will be required for building the warehouse, and 125,000 feet of lumber. Also 234 barrels of cement, 100 barrels of lime and 125 squares of shingles. Ray Wedge, of Flint, is in charge of the brick work and is being assisted by B. H. Katzbach & Sons, of Kalamazoo.

Captain Wm. Case of Owosso, who is to be the official caretaker of the grounds is also at the reservation looking after the work. Already he has made many friends in Grayling, and is a pleasant and courteous gentleman.

One of the especially interesting characters at the camp grounds is Mr. W. H. Lewis, of Ypsilanti. While he apparently has no special work to perform, he is a busy man. He was sent here by Col. Kirk, of Ypsilanti. Nothing around the place escapes his notice. He is a very interesting man to visit with.

It is expected that the work now in progress of construction, including the railroad, will be completed this year.

Real Estate Transfers.

The real estate transfers for the month of August are as follows:

Romeo State Savings Bank to Frank E. Gregory, 120 acres in South Branch township; consideration \$1,830.

Wm. C. Deer and wife to Chas. A. Sackrider, 80 acres in Beaver Creek township; consideration \$100.

Frank Hutzel to Alfonso H. Chambers, 80 acres in South Branch township; consideration \$3,200.

Elizabeth Harder to Mary E. Hanna, 80 acres in Beaver Creek township; consideration \$10.00.

Geo. C. Harder and wife to John Hanna, 80 acres in Beaver Creek township; consideration \$50.00.

Bert Wilcox to Clara N. Wilcox, 80 acres in Maple Forest township; consideration \$1.00 etc.

Mary E. Hanna to Mary L. Barnes, 80 acres in Beaver Creek township; consideration \$50.00.

John Hanna and wife to Mary L. Barnes, 80 acres in Beaver Creek township; consideration \$50.00.

Edgar T. Warren to James E. Rorick, 15 acres in Beaver Creek township; consideration \$1.00 etc.

Geo. W. Brott to Joseph Gavinda, 80 acres in Beaver Creek; consideration \$885.00.

Martha M. Brink to John L. Clark, 1 lot in this village; consideration \$50.

Henry A. Bauman and wife to Frank P. Babbitt, 40 acres in Grayling town-

FERRIS TO INVESTIGATE CASE OF BESSIE LEWIS.

Case Similar to One of Mildred Smith Whose Dismissal Was Brought on by Efforts of O. Palmer.

Bessie L. Lewis, the Grand Rapids girl who spent seven years among the imbeciles and epileptics at the state institution at Lapeer after being an inmate of the Industrial School for Girls at Adrian, will be asked to tell her story to Governor Ferris. The governor has promised to look into the case.

"After I have talked with the girl and am in possession of details of the case I expect to go into the institutional end of the proposition," said Mr. Ferris. "It is probable that now, with the law changed and a complete change of administrations in both institutions involved, that there can be no improvement wrought through an investigation by this office, but I want to satisfy myself; I am personally interested in going to the bottom of this most remarkable case."

This case of Bessie Lewis brings to mind the case of Mildred Smith, the Manistee girl who was sent to Adrian when but nine years old, and later railroaded to Lapeer. She escaped from Lapeer in August of last year, and liberal rewards were offered for her return however before her capture friends of hers interested O. Palmer, of this city in her behalf, who made a thorough investigation of the affair. Satisfying himself upon the mental conditions of the young lady (for such she now is) he studied the case from the beginning and found that she came from a bright Polish family. Her mother supported the family by working and the father was a drunkard and when on his carousals would abuse and punish the little girl and to avoid him she ran to the home of friends for protection. She was picked up by an officer, and her parents not being able to speak English permitted her to be sent to Adrian, not knowing the nature of the institution.

No reason could be discovered for sending her to Lapeer, suffice to say she was there and, in spite of the numerous petitions for her release, she was retained. Her duty was to look after the dining room for one of the superintendents and wait upon table, especially during the presence of guests and at social functions. She was also an expert seamstress. No doubt her services were valuable. She is a good healthy girl and not an epileptic and far from being feeble-minded, as her conduct since her release has proven, yet why was she held a prisoner in this institution and deprived her liberty and the privilege of an education?

Dr. Palmer with whom almost every one of our readers is familiar, after making a thorough investigation of the case, petitioned the Board of Managers of the Lapeer Home for Miss Smith's release, but was refused. He later met with the board and spent about three hours arguing the case with them, but even at that he was denied, until he stated that after exhausting the privileges of petition, that he would take the matter into court and have it discussed through the public press and determine whether the people wanted to support the institution in its actions or not. It seems that rather than have this matter come before the public the young lady in question was dismissed.

ship; consideration, \$100.

Richard B. Passmore to Ozias A. Riggle, 160 acres in South Branch township; consideration, \$3,500.

Agnes J. Mazzy and husband to H. H. Hickman, 3 lots near Pere Cheney in Beaver Creek township; consideration, \$1.00 etc.

The estate of Edward Smith to Rosa Joseph, 40 acres in Grayling township; consideration, \$20.00.

100 Bu. Green Tomatoes

Some Ripe, too.

Cucumbers for Dill and Danish Pickles.

Several Thousand Cabbage.

White and Red Beets. Carrots, Potatoes, Parsnips and Parsley.

Carnations in Pots—red, white and pink; ready to bloom in October.

Let your orders for cut flowers come around here, I will take good care of them.

GREEN HOUSE

Caught a Bad Cold.

"Last winter my son caught a very bad cold and the way he coughed was something dreadful," writes Mrs. Sarah E. Duncan, of Tipton, Iowa. "We thought sure he was going into consumption. We bought just one bottle of Chamberlain's cough remedy and that one bottle stopped his cough and cured his cold completely." For sale by all dealers. Adv.

"LET'S GO IN HERE—

THEY'VE GOT

CONNOR'S WORLD'S BEST ICE CREAM"

This is what you hear folks say who appreciate good, delicious Ice Cream.

For Sale at OLAF SORENSON & SONS' ICE CREAM PARLOR

"Mother wants a package of Tzar Coffee"

When the little fellow forgets the name, he points to the package. It's Tzar Coffee he wants and we know that no other kind will do.

"Tzar Coffee" has a distinctly rich flavor—a flavor that never changes. You can buy it for 35c a pound but its worth 50c. Other choice blends are:

Nero	30c
Marigold	32c
Pleasant Valley	40c

Pleasant Valley Teas, 50c, 60c, 80c

They're always pure and fresh. Let us send you some of this delicious tea and coffee today.

Ro-Vac-Co is a special Cat Coffee at 35c—try it with a convenient Triculator.

M. SIMPSON

Twenty-Fourth Annual Opening of the Bay City Business College

Tuesday, September 2.

Courses of Instruction

COMMERCIAL COURSE—Bookkeeping, single and double entry; Commercial Arithmetic, Commercial Law, Applied Business English, Business Penmanship, Actual Business Practice, Business Correspondence, Spelling, Rapid Calculation, Typewriting, Use of Adding Machine.

EXPERT ACCOUNTING COURSE—Corporation Accounting, Voucher Systems, Safeguard Checking, Auditing and Banking.

SHORTHAND-TYPEWRITING COURSE—Stenography, Typewriting, Penmanship, Applied Business English, Spelling, Business Correspondence, Business Forms, Office Practice comprising Billing, Letter Press Copying and Indexing, Manfolding, Mimeographing, Use of Business Phonograph.

ENGLISH COURSE—Grammar and Composition, Business Letter Writing, Spelling, Penmanship, Reading, Arithmetic.

The methods and equipment of this school are an exact counterpart of those employed in the modern business office. It is absolutely necessary to have a practical business education if you would succeed. The time is past when young people are employed through friendship and influence.

Therefore, we desire the attendance of honest, ambitious young people—those who wish to make the most of every opportunity. We place no restrictions as to education, upon entering, when the applicant is old enough to realize the importance of the course. We do demand proficiency as the student advances. Many young men and women who have been deprived of the opportunity early in life make splendid advancement. Those deficient in the elementary branches are required to devote extra time to them. Individual instruction enables each student to advance as rapidly as his ability and application will warrant.

CALL, PHONE OR WRITE

Bay City Business College

GILLESPIE & WASON

Bay City,

Michigan

URGES AMERICANS TO LEAVE MEXICO

President Recommends Isolation of Republic and a Patient Policy.

SELF-RESTRAINT IS ADVISED

Huerta "Unusually Isolated" as Result of "Unfortunate Misunderstanding" Which Led Him to Reject Friendly Overtures Brought by Lind—Can Not Opposite Ourselves Empire in Interference—Americans Must Be Protected.

Washington, Aug. 28.—Emphasizing the fact that the United States must remain the firm friend of the people of Mexico in their present stress and trouble, President Wilson today read his long-awaited message on Mexican affairs to congress.

The message was distinctly specific in tone and contains little in the way of recommendation for future policy except the single one that this government must urge earnestly that all Americans should leave Mexico at once and that the United States should assist them to get out of Mexico in every way possible.

The president counsels delay before further action is taken, and says:

Impatience on our part would be childish and would be fraught with every risk of wrong and folly. The door is not closed against the resumption, either upon the initiative of Mexico or upon our own, of the effort to bring order out of the confusion by friendly co-operative action, should fortunate occasion offer.

"So long as the misunderstanding continues we can only await the time of their awakening to a realization of the actual facts. We cannot thrust our good offices upon them. The situation must be given a little more time to work itself out in the new circumstances, and I believe that only a little while will be necessary. The circumstances are new. The rejection of our friendship makes them new and will inevitably bring its own alterations in the whole aspect of affairs. The actual situation of the authorities at Mexico City will presently be revealed."

Text of President's Message.

The message follows: "Gentlemen of the Congress: It is clearly my duty to lay before you fully and without reservation the facts concerning our present relations with the republic of Mexico. The deplorable posture of affairs in Mexico I need not describe, but I deem it my duty to speak very frankly of what this government has done and should seek to do in fulfillment of its obligation to Mexico herself, as a friend and neighbor, and to American citizens whose lives and vital interests are daily affected by the distressing condition which now obtain beyond our southern border.

U. S. a Friend of Mexico.

"Those conditions touch us very nearly. Not merely because they lie at our very doors. That, of course, makes us more vividly and more constantly conscious of them, and every instinct of neighborly interest and sympathy is aroused and quickened by them; but that is only one element in the determination of our duty. We are glad to call ourselves the friends of Mexico, and we shall, I hope, have many an occasion, in happier times, as well as in these days of trouble and confusion, to show that our friendship is genuine and disinterested, capable of sacrifice and very generous manifestation. The peace, prosperity, and contentment of Mexico mean more, much more, to us than merely an enlarged field for our commerce and enterprise. They mean an enlargement of the field of self-government and the realization of hopes and rights of a nation with whose best aspirations, too long suppressed and disappointed, we deeply sympathize. We shall yet prove to the Mexican people that we know how to serve them without first thinking how we shall serve ourselves.

World Wants Mexican Peace.

"But we are not the only friends of Mexico. The whole world desires her peace and progress, and the whole world is interested as never before. Mexico lies at last where all the world looks on. Central America is about to be touched by the great routes of the world's trade and intercourse running free from ocean to ocean at the isthmus. The future has much in store for Mexico, as for all the states of Central America, but the best gifts can come to her only if she be ready and free to receive them and to enjoy them honorably. America in particular—America, North and South, and upon both continents—waits upon the development of Mexico; and that development can be sound and lasting only if it be the product of a genuine

freedom, a just and ordered government founded upon law. And no man can be peaceful and fruitful in the benefits of peace. Mexico has a great and enviable future before her. If only she choose and attain the paths of honest constitutional government.

No Peace in Sight.

"The present circumstances of the republic, I deeply regret to say, do not seem to promise even the foundations of such a peace. We have waited many months, months full of peril and anxiety, for the conditions there to improve, and they have not improved. They have grown worse, rather. The territory in some sort controlled by the provisional authorities at Mexico City has grown smaller, not larger. The prospect of the pacification of the country, even by arms, has seemed to grow more and more remote, and its pacification by the authorities at the capital is evidently impossible by any other means than force. Difficulties more and more entangle those who claim to constitute the legitimate government of the republic. They have not made good their claim in fact. Their successes in the field have proved only temporary. War and disorder, devastation and confusion, seem to threaten to become the settled fortune of the distracted country. As friends we could wait no longer for a solution which every week seems further away. It was our duty at least to volunteer our good offices—the offer to assist, if we might, in effecting some arrangement which would bring relief and peace and set up a uniformly acknowledged political authority there.

Tells of Instructions to Lind.

"Accordingly I took the liberty of sending the Hon. John Lind, formerly governor of Minnesota, as my personal spokesman and representative to the City of Mexico with the following instructions: 'Press very earnestly upon the attention of those who are now exercising authority or wielding influence in Mexico the following consideration and advice: 'The government of the United States does not feel at liberty any longer to stand inactive by while it becomes daily more and more evident that no real progress is being made towards the establishment of a government at the City of Mexico which the country will obey and respect. 'The government of the United States does not stand in the same case with the other great governments of the world in respect to what is happening or what is likely to happen in Mexico. We offer our good offices, not only because of our genuine desire to play the part of a friend, but also because we are expected by the powers of the world to act as Mexico's nearest friend.

Acts in Interest of Mexico.

"We wish to act in these circumstances in the spirit of the most earnest and disinterested friendship. It is our purpose in whatever we do or propose in this perplexing and distressing situation not only to pay the most scrupulous regard to the sovereignty and independence of Mexico—that we take as a matter of course, to which we are bound by every obligation of right and honor—but also to give every possible evidence that we act in the interest of Mexico alone, and not in the interest of any person or body of persons who may have personal or property claims in Mexico which they may feel that they have the right to press. We are seeking to counsel Mexico for her own good and in the interest of her own peace, and not for any other purpose whatever.

The government of the United States would be itself discredited if it had any selfish or ulterior purpose in transactions where the peace, happiness and prosperity of a whole people are involved. It is acting as its friendship for Mexico, not as any selfish interest, dictates.

All America Cries for Settlement.

"The political situation in Mexico is incompatible with the fulfillment of international obligations on the part of Mexico, with the civilized development of Mexico herself, and with the maintenance of tolerable political and economic conditions in Central America. It is no common occasion, therefore, that the United States offers her counsel and assistance. All America cries out for a settlement.

A satisfactory settlement seems to us to be conditioned on: (a) An immediate cessation of fighting throughout Mexico, a definite armistice, solemnly entered into and scrupulously observed;

(b) Security given for an early and free election in which all will agree to take part.

Huerta Must Not Be Candidate.

"(c) The consent of General Huerta to bind himself not to be a candidate for election as president of the republic at this election; and

(d) The agreement of all parties to abide by the results of the election and co-operation in the most loyal way in organizing and supporting the new administration.

The government of the United States will be glad to play any part in this settlement or in its carrying out which is honorable and consistent with international right. It pledges

"Doll Cure" Saved Child.

"The 'doll cure' for a pining twin was successfully employed at Flaxburg, Middlesex, England, not long since. One of the twins died and the other wasted and got rapidly worse until the mother, on the suggestion of a neighbor, put a large doll in bed with it. From that moment the child began to improve. 'Dolls often cure babies,' she says, 'especially when doctors have no hopes and give them up. It's a sort of influence or something like that, I think.

Habits of the Mired Man.

"Well, did them moving picture people get pictures of everything on the farm? 'Everything but the mired man,' said Farmer Heck. They couldn't catch him in motion.'—Kansas City Journal.

Vocational Training.

Most of the gangs of bad boys and men that the cities develop should be useful citizens if given vocational training to do in their career. Here is the shop where vocational training will help.—Chicago News.

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Co-Operation Among Insects.

The wonderful intelligence of ants has often been described, but it is not generally known that the common black ant keeps large colonies of green fly, known scientifically as "aphides." The ants protect the flies from beetles and other enemies who would devour them, and the flies in return furnish the ants with honey, of which they are intensely fond. The ants extract the sweet fluid from the bodies of the flies by stroking them with their antennae.

Diapers Corroborated.

Miss Gwyneth Webb has failed to gain admission to the English bar to practice law. Not that it's her bar to practice law, but that it's her bar to practice law. Not that it's her bar to practice law, but that it's her bar to practice law. Not that it's her bar to practice law, but that it's her bar to practice law.

Push Button That Talks Back.

A patent has been taken out in Germany for a button which enables the wearer to talk back to his boss without having to say a word.

One Happy Result.

"Mr. Grouch, I'm going to get married." "Grouch—(shouting to hear it) You won't be so terribly anxious to get home early now!"

Naturally.

"Why is Gertrude so silent these days?" asked the young man in checkers. "Well," replied the young man in the ventilated straw, "you see they've passed a law forbidding the expression 'I should worry' and her conversational resources are badly crippled."

Imperative Without Reward.

"Honor thy father and thy mother," even though with no thought of the reward promised for obedience to the commandment.—Omaha Bee.

himself to recognize and in any way proper to assist the administration chosen and set up in Mexico in the way and on the conditions suggested. Taking all the existing conditions into consideration the government of the United States can conceive of no reasons sufficient to justify those who are now attempting to shape the policy or exercising the authority of Mexico in defying the offices of friendship thus offered. Can Mexico give the civilized world a satisfactory reason for rejecting our good offices?

Lind Showed Great Tact.

Mr. Lind executed his delicate and difficult mission with singular tact, firmness, and made clear to the authorities of the city of Mexico, not only the purpose of his visit, but also the spirit in which it had been undertaken. But the proposals he submitted were rejected, in a note, the full text of which I take the liberty of laying before you.

"I am led to believe that they were rejected partly because the authorities at Mexico City had been grossly misinformed and misled upon two points. They did not realize the spirit of the American people in this matter, their earnest friendliness and yet sober determination that some just solution be found for the Mexican difficulties; and they did not believe that the present administration spoke, through Mr. Lind, for the American people.

"Meanwhile, what is it our duty to do. Clearly, everything that we do must be rooted in patience and done with calm and disinterested deliberation. Impatience on our part would be childish, and would be fraught with every risk of wrong and folly. We can afford to exercise the self-restraint of a really great nation which realizes its own strength and scorns to misuse it. It was our duty to offer our active assistance. It is now our duty to show what true neutrality will do to enable the people of Mexico to set their affairs in order again and wait for a further opportunity to offer our friendly counsel. The door is not closed against the resumption, either upon the initiative of Mexico or upon our own, of the effort to bring order out of the confusion by friendly co-operative action, should fortunate occasion offer.

Urges Americans to Leave.

"We should earnestly urge all Americans to leave Mexico at once, and should assist them to get away in every way possible. Not because we would mean to slacken in the least our efforts to safeguard their lives and their interests, but because it is imperative that they should not take any unnecessary risks if it is physically possible for them to leave the country. We should let everyone who assumes to exercise authority in any part of Mexico know in the most unequivocal way that we shall vigilantly watch the fortunes of those Americans who cannot get away, and shall hold those responsible for their sufferings and losses to a definite reckoning.

Will Remain Neutral.

"For the rest, I deem it my duty to exercise the authority conferred upon me by the law of March 14, 1912, to see to it that neither side to the struggle now going on in Mexico receive any assistance from this side of the border. I shall follow the best practice of nations in the matter of neutrality by forbidding the exportation of arms or munitions of war of any kind from the United States to any part of the republic of Mexico.

"I am happy to say that several of the great governments of the world have given this government their generous moral support in urging upon the provisional authorities at the city of Mexico the acceptances of our proffered good offices in the spirit in which they were made."

Mexico's Side of It.

Washington, Aug. 28.—The following is a synopsis of the reply of Senator Gamboa to the proposals of the American government conveyed through Hon. John Lind, as transmitted to congress by the president:

In his reply to the American proposals Senator Gamboa, the Mexican minister of foreign affairs, urges the following points:

That President Wilson's imputation that no progress is being made toward the restoration of peace in Mexico is not true.

That the fact the Mexican government enjoys the recognition of nearly all the great nations of the world is proof that it is a true and honorable administration.

That the proposal of an armistice is impossible, because nations do not propose armistices with bandits. To grant an armistice would be to recognize the belligerency of the rebels.

That the request that General Huerta should not be a candidate for the presidency is "strange and unwarranted."

That the election of General Huerta was legal.

That the American proposals are "humiliating and unkind."

That Mexico's ambassador should be received in Mexico and that the United States should send a new ambassador to Mexico.

Concerning the Gentle Postage Stamp.

Most doctors will tell you that it is an unhealthy habit to lick the gummed side of a postage stamp. May we add that it is merely a waste of time and temper to lick the other side.—Books of Today and Tomorrow.

One Happy Result.

"Mr. Grouch, I'm going to get married." "Grouch—(shouting to hear it) You won't be so terribly anxious to get home early now!"

Naturally.

"Why is Gertrude so silent these days?" asked the young man in checkers. "Well," replied the young man in the ventilated straw, "you see they've passed a law forbidding the expression 'I should worry' and her conversational resources are badly crippled."

Imperative Without Reward.

"Honor thy father and thy mother," even though with no thought of the reward promised for obedience to the commandment.—Omaha Bee.

Live Stock, Grain and General Farm Produce.

DETROIT—Cattle: Receipts, 900; market dull; extra dry-fed steers and heifers, \$8; steers and heifers, 1,000 to 1,200, \$7.50 to \$8; steers and heifers, 800 to 1,000, \$6.75 to \$7.50; grass steers and heifers that are fat, 800 to 1,000, \$6.75 to \$7.50; grass steers and heifers that are fat, 500 to 700, \$5.50 to \$6.50; choice fat cows, \$8; good fat cows, \$5.50 to \$6.50; common cows, \$4.50 to \$5.50; canners, \$3 to \$4; choice heavy bulls, \$6.25 to \$6.50; fair to good bologna, \$5.25 to \$5.50; stock bulls, \$4.50 to \$5.50; choice feeding steers, 800 to 1,000, \$6.25 to \$6.50; fair stockers, 500 to 700, \$5.75 to \$6; stock heifers, \$5 to \$6; milkers, large, young, medium age, \$7 to \$8; common milkers, \$4 to \$5.

Veal calves: Receipts, 297; market for best, \$11.50 to \$12; others, \$9.50 to \$10. Sheep and lambs: Receipts, 2,181; market for lambs 75¢ higher; sheep steady; best lambs, \$7.75; fair to good lambs, \$7.25 to \$7.50; light to common lambs, \$6.75 to \$7.25; fair to good sheep, \$4 to \$4.25; culls and common, \$3 to \$3.25.

Hogs: Receipts, 978; light to good butchers, \$9 to \$9.25; pigs, \$9; light Yorkers, \$8.15 to \$9.25; stags, 1-3 off.

EAST BUFFALO: Cattle, receipts, 130 cars; market 10¢ higher; best 1,350 to 1,500-lb steers, \$8.75 to \$9.10; best 1,200 to 1,300-lb steers, \$8.50 to \$8.75; best 1,100 to 1,200-lb steers, \$8.15 to \$8.40; coarse and plain heavy steers, \$7.75 to \$8; choice handy steers, \$8 to \$8.40; fair to good 1,000 to 1,100-lb steers, \$7.75 to \$8.10; grassy, 800 to 1,000-lb steers, \$7.25 to \$7.75; best cows, \$6.50 to \$7; butcher cows, \$5.50 to \$6; cutters, \$4.50 to \$5; trimmers, \$3.75 to \$4; best heifers, \$7.75 to \$8; medium butcher heifers, \$6.50 to \$7; stock heifers, \$5.25 to \$5.50; best feeding steers, \$7.25 to \$7.50; fair to good, \$6.75 to \$7; common light stockers, \$6 to \$6.25; best butcher bulls, \$6 to \$7; best bologna bulls, \$5.25 to \$5.75; stock bulls, \$4.50 to \$5; best milkers and springers, \$7 to \$8; common to good, \$5.50 to \$6.

Hogs: Receipts, 55 cars; market active; heavy, \$9.25 to \$9.50; mixed, \$9 to \$9.25; Yorkers, \$8.50 to \$9.25; pigs, \$8.25 to \$8.50; roughs, \$8 to \$8.25; stags, \$7.75 to \$8. Sheep and lambs: Receipts, 40 cars; market strong; spring lambs, \$8.50 to \$8.75; culls to fair, \$6.75 to \$7.25; yearlings, \$5.50 to \$6.50; wethers, \$5.25 to \$5.50; ewes, \$4 to \$4.75.

Calves strong, \$5 to \$13.

Grains, Etc.

Wheat—Cash No. 2 red, 91 1-2c; September opened at 92 1-2c and declined to 91 3-4c; December opened at 96 1-4c and declined to 95 1-2c; May opened at \$1.02 and declined to \$1.01 1-2c; No. 1 white, 90 1-2c.

Corn—Cash No. 3, 78 1-2c; No. 2 yellow, 1 car at 78c; No. 3 yellow, 77 1-2c.

Oats—Standard, 2 cars at 42c, 1 at 42 1-2c; old, 45c bid; September, 42 1-2c; No. 3 white, 42c; No. 4 white, 41c.

Rye—Cash No. 2, 69c bid.

Beans—Immediate and prompt shipment, \$1.80; October, \$1.85.

Cloverseed—Prime October, 59 bags at \$7.20; December, \$7.20; August alsk, \$11; sample alsk, 25 bags at \$10.15 to \$9.25.

Timothy—Prime spot, 80 bags at \$22.00.

Alfalfa—Prime spot, 10 bags at \$23.25.

Barley—Good samples, \$1.25 to \$1.40 per cwt.

Hay—Carlots track Detroit; No. 1 timothy, \$15 to \$15.50; standard, \$14 to \$14.50; No. 2 timothy, \$12.50 to \$13; light mixed, \$14 to \$14.50; No. 1 mixed, \$12.50 to \$13; rye straw, \$8 to \$9; wheat and oat straw, \$7 to \$7.50 per ton.

Flour—in one-eighth paper sacks, per 196 pounds, jobbing lots: Best patent, \$5.50; second patent, \$5.20; straight, \$5; spring patent, \$5.10; rye, \$4.60 per bbl.

Feed—in 100-lb sacks, jobbing lots: Bran, \$3; coarse middlings, \$2.40; fine middlings, \$2.60; cracked corn, \$2.60; coarse cornmeal, \$2.20; corn and oat chop, \$2.50 per ton.

General Markets.

Plums—\$1.25 to \$1.50 per bu. Huckleberries—\$4.25 to \$4.50 per bu. Grapes—Early varieties, 25 to 30¢ per 3-lb basket.

Apples—Michigan, 50 to 75¢ per bu; No. 1, \$2.75 to \$3 per bbl; No. 2, \$1.50 to \$2 per bbl.

Peaches—Island AA, \$2; \$1.75; B, \$1.25 per bu; white, \$1.15 to \$1.25 per bu and 20 to 40¢ per 14 bu.

Green Corn—20¢ per doz. Cabbage—\$2.25 to \$2.50 per bbl. Potatoes—\$2.50 to \$2.60 per sack of 2 1-2 bushels.

Dressed Chives—Choice, 10 to 11¢; fancy, 13 to 14¢ per lb. Onions—New southern, \$1.25 per bu; Spanish, \$1.75 per crate.

Hobey—Choice to fancy new white comb, 14 to 15¢; amber, 10 to 11¢; extracted, 7 to 8¢ per lb.

Tomatoes—Home-grown, \$9 to \$11 per bu; Canadian, 40 to 50¢ per 16-lb basket.

Live Poultry—Broilers, 18 to 18 1-2c; hens, 14 to 14 1-2c; No. 2 hens, 11 to 12¢; old roosters, 10 to 11¢; turkeys, 17 to 18¢; geese, 10 to 11¢; ducks, 14 to 15¢ per lb.

Cheese—Wholesale lots: Michigan, 13 to 14¢; New York, 15 to 16¢; brick cream, 15 to 16¢; Limburger, 14 to 15¢; imported Swiss, 25 to 26¢; domestic Swiss, new, 19 to 20¢; block Swiss, 17 to 18¢; long horns, 18 to 19¢; 1-4¢ per lb.

Hides—No. 1 cured, 14 to 15¢; No. 1 green, 11 to 12¢; No. 1 cured bulls, 11¢; No. 1 green bulls, 9 to 10¢; No. 1 cured veal kip, 14 to 15¢; No. 1 green veal kip, 14¢; No. 1 cured murrain, 13¢; No. 1 green murrain, 10¢; No. 1 cured calf, 18¢; No. 1 green calf, 17¢; No. 1 horse-hides, \$4; No. 2 horse-hides, \$3; No. 2 kip and calf 1-3 off; No. 2 hides 1¢ off; sheepskins, as to amount of wool, 35 to 75¢.

To collect and preserve all the records and relics of Michigan county a historical society will be organized.

LETTER FROM THE STATE CAPITOL

ATTORNEY GENERAL CLEANS UP BATCH OF WORK BEFORE VACATION.

HOLDS SCHOOL PROPERTY CAN NOT BE RENTED.

State Fire Marshal Reminds Rural School Boards That the Law Requires Fire Drills Once Each Month.

[By Gurd M. Hayes.]

Before leaving for a week's vacation Attorney General Fellows asked his signature to a number of opinions and cleaned up practically all of the work in the state's legal department. Fellows informed A. C. Graham whose term as state salt inspector expired August 14, when the law passed at the last session abolishing the office went into effect, that he could not draw pay for closing up the affairs of the department after his term expired. The law requires the salt inspector to return pro rata to the factories all money in his possession when the office was abolished.

An Ann Arbor citizen who objected to paying his telephone rental in advance of service rendered inquired whether the company could require an advanced payment. The attorney general says that there is no law against this and advised that it was a matter of contract. He referred the man to the state railroad commission, but the commission has already ruled that companies can collect in advance.

INITIALS ONLY

By ANNA KATHARINE GREEN
AUTHOR OF "THE LEAVENWORTH CASE"
"THE FILIGREE DALL" "THE HOUSE OF THE WHISPERING PINES"
ILLUSTRATIONS BY
CHARLES W. ROSSER
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SYNOPSIS.

George Anderson and wife see a remarkable looking man come out of the Clement hotel, look around furtively, wash his hands in the snow and pass on. Commotion attracts them to the Clement. There it is found that the beautiful Miss Edith Challoner has fallen dead. Anderson describes the man he saw wash his hands in the snow. The hotel manager declares him to be Orlando Brotherson. Physicians find that Miss Challoner was stabbed and not shot. Sweetwater, a clear Brotherson of suspicion, greets, an aged detective, and Sweetwater, a constant, take up the case. Mr. Challoner tells of a batch of letters found in his daughter's desk, signed "O. B." He is pointed out by the detective as the man who wrote the letters. This letter was signed by Orlando Brotherson. Anderson goes with Sweetwater to identify Brotherson, who is found in a tenement under the name of "Doris." Brotherson, a inventor, Brotherson tells the coroner Miss Challoner repulsed him with scorn when he offered her his love. Sweetwater recalls the mystery of the murder of a washerwoman in the wall near on Brotherson. The Challoner affair. Challoner admits his daughter was deeply interested, if not in love, with Brotherson. Sweetwater gets lodgings in the same building with Brotherson. He watches the inventor at work at night and is detected by the latter. The detective moves to a room adjoining Brotherson's. He borrows a key in the wall near on Brotherson. He visits him and assists in his work. A girl sent by Sweetwater with letters to Brotherson. He declares the letters were not written by him. Sweetwater is attacked by Brotherson, who declares he recognized him at once. The discovery he made that the letters signed "O. B." were written by two different men. Sweetwater goes to Doris in search of the second "O. B." He expects to locate through one Doris Scott mentioned in the letters. She is found telling as nurse. Doris Scott is the name of a girl who is called the name of "Edith" in his delirium. Sweetwater comes across a peculiar but in the woods. He sees a load of boxes marked "O. B." Brotherson's death. A girl who had the supervision of Doris Scott.

CHAPTER XXVIII.—Continued.

"I cannot tell; I do not know," said she. "Nobody knows, not even the doctor, what effect the news we dread to give him will have upon Mr. Brotherson. You will have to wait—we all shall have to wait the results of that revelation. It cannot be kept from him much longer."

"You have had much to carry for me so young," Mr. Challoner's sympathetic remark. "You must let me help you when that awful moment comes. I am at the hotel and shall stay there till Mr. Brotherson is pronounced quite well. I have no other duty now in life but to sustain him through his trouble and then, with what aid he can give, search out and find the cause of my daughter's death which I will never admit without the fullest proof, to have been one of suicide."

Doris trembled.

"It was not suicide," she declared, vehemently. "I have always felt sure that it was not; but today I know."

Her hand fell clenched on her breast and her eyes gleamed strangely. Mr. Challoner was himself greatly startled.

"I've not told any one," she went on, as he stopped short in the road, in his anxiety to understand her. "But I will tell you. Oh, not here, not with all these people driving past; most of whom know me. Come to the house later—this evening, after Mr. Brotherson's room is closed for the night. I have a little sitting-room on the other side of the hall where we can talk without being heard. Would you object to doing that?"

"No, not at all," he assured her. "Expect me at eight. Will that be too early?"

"No, no. Oh, how those people stared! Let us hasten back or they may connect your name with what we want kept secret."

He smiled at her fears, but gave in to her humor; he would see her soon again and possibly learn something which would amply repay him, both for his trouble and his patience.

But when evening came and she turned to face him at that little sitting-room where he had quietly followed her, he was conscious of a change in her manner which forbade these high hopes.

"I don't know what you will think of me," she ventured at last, motioning to a chair but not sitting herself. "You have had time to think over what I said and probably expect something real—something you could tell people. But it isn't like that. It's a feeling—a belief. I'm so sure—"

"Sure of what, Miss Scott?"

She gave a glance at the door before stepping up nearer. He had not taken the chair she proffered.

"Sure that I have seen the face of the man who murdered her. It was in a dream," she whisperingly completed, her great eyes misty with awe.

"A dream, Miss Scott?" He tried to hide his disappointment.

"Yes; I knew that it would sound foolish to you; it sounds foolish to me. But listen, sir. Listen to what I have to tell and then you can judge. I was very much agitated yesterday. I had to write a letter to Mr. Brotherson's dictation—a letter to her. You can understand my horror and the effort I made to hide my emotion. I was quite unnerved. I could not sleep till morning, and then—and then—I saw—I hope I can describe it."

Grasping at a nearby chair, she leaned on it for support, closing her eyes to all but that inner vision. A breathless moment followed, then she murmured in strained monotonous tones:

"I see it again—just as I saw it in the early morning—but even more plainly, if that is possible. A hall—(I should call it a hall, though I don't remember seeing any place like it before), with a little staircase at the side, up which there came a man, who stops just at the top and looks intensely my way. There is fierceness in his face—a look which means no good to anybody—and as his hand goes to his overcoat pocket, drawing out something which I cannot describe, but which he handles as if it were a pistol, I feel a horrible fear,

and—and—" The child was staggering, and the hand which was free had sought her heart where it lay clenched, the knuckles showing white in the dim light.

Mr. Challoner watched her with dilated eyes, the spell under which she spoke falling in some degree upon him. Had she finished? Was this all? No; she is speaking again, but very low, almost in a whisper.

"There is music—a crash—but I plainly see his other hand approach the object he is holding. He takes something from the end—the object is pointed my way—I am looking into—into—what? I do not know. I cannot even see him now. The space where he stood is empty. Everything fades, and I wake with a loud cry in my ears and a sense of death here."

She had lifted her hand and struck at her heart, opening her eyes as she did so. "Yet it was not I who had been shot," she added softly.

Mr. Challoner shuddered. This was like the reopening of his daughter's grave. But he had entered upon the scene with a full appreciation of the ordeal awaiting him and he did not lose his calmness, or the control of his judgment.

"Be seated, Miss Scott," he entreated, taking a chair himself. "You have described the spot and some of the circumstances of my daughter's death as accurately as if you had been there. But you have doubtless read a full account of those details in the papers; possibly seen pictures which would make the place quite real to you. The mind is a strange storehouse. We do not always know what lies hidden within it."

"That's true," she admitted. "But the man! I had never seen the man, or any picture of him, and his face was clearest of all. I should know it if I saw it anywhere. It is imprinted on my memory as plainly as yours. Oh, I hope never to see that man!"

Leaning toward her that he might get her full attention, he waited till her eyes met his, then quietly asked:

"Have you ever named this man to yourself?"

She started and dropped her eyes. "I do not dare to," said she.

"Why?"

"Because I've read in the papers that the man who stood there had the same name as—"

"Tell me, Miss Scott."

"As Mr. Brotherson's brother."

"But you do not think it was his brother?"

"I do not know."

"You've never seen his brother?"

"Never."

"Nor his picture?"

"No, Mr. Brotherson has none."

"Aren't they friends? Does he never mention Orlando?"

"Very, very rarely. But I've no reason to think they are not on good terms. I know they correspond."

"Miss Scott?"

"Yes, Mr. Challoner."

"You must not rely too much upon your dream."

Her eyes flashed to his and then fell again.

"Dreams are not revelations; they are the reproduction of what already lies hidden in the mind. I can prove that your dream is such."

"How?"

"You speak of seeing something being leveled at you which made you think of a pistol."

"Yes, I was looking directly into it."

"But my daughter was not shot. She died from a stab."

"Doris' lovely face, with its tender lines and girlish curves, took on a strange look of conviction which deepened, rather than melted under his indulgent, but penetrating gaze."

"I know that you think so—but my dream says no. I saw this object. It was pointed directly towards me—these high hopes."

"I don't know what you will think of me," she ventured at last, motioning to a chair but not sitting herself. "You have had time to think over what I said and probably expect something real—something you could tell people. But it isn't like that. It's a feeling—a belief. I'm so sure—"

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"I see it again—just as I saw it in the early morning—but even more plainly, if that is possible. A hall—(I should call it a hall, though I don't remember seeing any place like it before), with a little staircase at the side, up which there came a man, who stops just at the top and looks intensely my way. There is fierceness in his face—a look which means no good to anybody—and as his hand goes to his overcoat pocket, drawing out something which I cannot describe, but which he handles as if it were a pistol, I feel a horrible fear,

and visitors seldom come so late."

"Shall I see?"

She nodded, looking strangely troubled as the door swung open, revealing the tall, strong figure of a man facing them from the porch.

"A stranger," formed itself upon her lips, and she was moving forward, when the man suddenly stepped into the glare of the light, and she stopped, with a murmur of dismay which pierced Mr. Challoner's heart, and prepared him for the words which now fell shudderingly from her lips.

"It is he! It is he! I said that I should know him wherever I saw him." Then with a quiet turn towards the intruder, "Oh, why, why, did you come here!"

CHAPTER XXIX.

Do You Know My Brother?

Her features were thrust out to repel, her features were fixed; her beauty something wonderful. Orlando Brotherson, thus met, stared for a moment at the vision before him, then slowly and with effort withdrawing his gaze, he sought the face of Mr. Challoner with the first sign of open disturbance that gentleman had ever seen in him.

"Am I in Oswald Brotherson's house?" he asked. "I was directed here. But possibly there may be some mistake?"

"It is here he lives," said she, moving back automatically till she stood again by the threshold of the small room, in which she had received Mr. Challoner. "Do you wish to see him tonight? If so, I fear it is impossible. He has been very ill and is not allowed to receive visits from strangers."

"I am not a stranger," announced the newcomer, with a smile few could see unmoved, it offered such a contrast to his stern and dominating figure. "I thought I heard some words of recognition which would prove your knowledge of that fact."

She did not answer. Her lips had parted, but her thought or at least the expression of her thought hung suspended in the terror of this meeting for which she was not at all prepared. He seemed to note this terror, whether or not he understood its cause, and smiled again, as he added:

"Mr. Brotherson must have spoken of his brother Orlando. I am he, Miss Scott. Will you let me come in now?"

Her eyes sought those of Mr. Challoner, who quietly nodded. Immediately she stepped from before the door which her figure had guarded and, motioning him to enter, she begged Mr. Challoner, with an imploring look, to sustain her in the interview she was before her. He had no desire for this encounter, especially as Mr. Brotherson's glance in his direction had been anything but conciliatory. He was quite convinced that nothing was to be gained by it, but he could not resist her appeal, and followed them into the little room whose limited dimensions made the tall Orlando look bigger and stronger and more lordly in his self-confidence than ever.

"I am sorry it is so late," she began, contemplating his intrusive figure with forced composure. "We have to be very quiet in the evenings so as not to disturb your brother's first sleep, which is of great importance to him."

"Then I'm not to see him tonight?"

"I pray you to wait. He's—he's been a very sick man."

"Dangerously so?"

"Yes."

Orlando continued to regard her with a peculiar awakening gaze, showing, Mr. Challoner thought, more interest in her than in his brother, and when he spoke it was mechanically and as if in sole obedience to the proprieties of the occasion.

"I did not know he was ill till very lately. His last letter was a cheerful one, and I supposed that all was right till chance revealed the truth. I came on at once. I was intending to come anyway. I have business here, as you probably know, Miss Scott."

She shook her head. "I know very little about business," said she.

"My brother has not told you why he expected me?"

"He has not even told me that he expected you."

"No?" The word was highly expressive; there was surprise in it and a touch of wonder, but more than all, satisfaction. "Oswald was always close-mouthed," he declared. "It's a good fault; I'm obliged to the boy."

These last words were uttered with a lightness which imposed upon his two highly agitated hearers, causing Mr. Challoner to frown and Doris to shrink back in indignation at the man who could indulge in a sportive suggestion in presence of such fears, if not of such memories, as the situation evoked.

"The hour is late for further conversation. I have a room at the hotel and will return to it at once. In the morning I hope to see my brother."

He was going, Doris not knowing what to say, Mr. Challoner not desirous of detaining him, when there came the sound of a little tinkle from the other side of the hall, blanching the young girl's cheeks and causing Orlando Brotherson's brows to rise in peculiar satisfaction.

"My brother?" he asked.

"Yes," came in faltering reply. "He has heard our voices; I must go to him."

"Say that Orlando wishes him a good night," smiled her heart's enemy, with a bow of infinite grace.

She shuddered, and was hastening from the room when her glance fell on Mr. Challoner. He was pale and looked greatly distressed. The prospect of being left alone with a man

whom she had herself denounced to him as his daughter's murderer, might prove a tax to his strength to which she had no right to subject him. Pausing with an appalling air, she made him a slight gesture which he at once understood.

"I will accompany you into the hall," said he. "Then if anything is wrong, you have but to speak my name."

But Orlando Brotherson, displeased by this move, took a step which brought him between the two.

"You can hear her from here if she chooses to speak. There's a point to be settled between us before either of us leave this house, and this opportunity is as good as another. Go to my brother, Miss Scott; we will await your return."

A flash from the proud banker's eye; but no demur, rather a gesture of consent. Doris, with a look of deep anxiety, sped away, and the two men stood face to face.

"Mr. Challoner, do you know my brother?"

"I have never seen him."

"Do you know him? Does he know you?"

"Not at all. We are strangers."

It was said honestly. They did not know each other. Mr. Challoner was quite correct in his statement.

"Men sometimes correspond who do not know each other. You knew that a Brotherson lived here?"

"Yes."

"And hoped to learn something about me?"

"No, my interest was solely with your brother."

"With my brother? With Oswald?"

"What Do You Wish to Ask?"

What interest can you have in him apart from me? Oswald has in him

Suddenly a thought came—an unimaginable one; one with power to blanch even his hardy cheek and shake a soul unassailable by all small emotions.

"Oswald Brotherson!" he repeated, adding in unintelligible tones to himself—"O. B. The same initials! They are following up these initials. Poor Oswald!" Then aloud: "It hardly becomes me, perhaps, to question your motives in this attempt at making my brother's acquaintance. I think I can guess them; but your labor will be wasted. Oswald's interests do not extend beyond this town; they hardly extend to me. We are strangers, almost. You will learn nothing from him on the subject which naturally engrosses you."

Mr. Challoner simply bowed. "I do not feel called upon," said he, "to explain my reasons for wishing to know your brother. I will simply satisfy you upon a point which may well rouse your curiosity. You remember that—that my daughter's last act was the writing of a letter to a little protégée of hers. Miss Scott was that protégée. In seeking her, I came upon him. Do you require me to say more on this subject? Wait till I have seen Mr. Oswald Brotherson and then perhaps I can do so."

Receiving no answer to this, Mr. Challoner turned again to the man who was the object of his deepest suspicions, to find him still in the haze of that unimaginable thought, battling with it, as if it were a scorpion, to it and all without a word. Mr. Challoner was without clue to this struggle, but the might of it and the mystery of it, drove him in extreme agitation from the room. Though proof was lacking, though proof might never come, nothing could ever alter his belief from this moment on that Doris was right in her estimate of this man's guilt, however unsubstantial her reasoning might appear.

How far he might have been carried by this new conviction; whether he would have left the house without seeing Doris again or exchanging another word with the man whose very presence trifled him, he had no opportunity to show, for before he had taken another step, he encountered the hurrying figure of Doris, who was returning to her guests with an air of marked relief.

"He does not know that you are here," she whispered to Mr. Challoner, as she passed him. Then, as she again confronted Orlando who hastened to dismiss his trouble at her approach, she said quite gaily: "Mr. Brotherson heard your voice, and is glad to know that you're here. He bade me give you this key and say that you would have found things in better shape if he had been in condition to superintend the removal of the boxes to the place he had prepared for you before he became ill. I was the one to do that," she added, controlling her aversion

with manifest effort. "When Mr. Brotherson came to himself he asked if I had heard about any large boxes having arrived at the station shipped to his name. I said that several notices of such had come to the house. At which he requested me to see that they were carried at once to the storage looking shed he had put up for him in the woods. I thought that they were for him, and I saw to the thing myself. Two or three others have come since and been taken to the same place. I think you will find nothing broken or disturbed; Mr. Brotherson's wishes are usually respected."

"That is fortunate for me," was the courteous reply.

But Orlando Brotherson was not himself, not at all himself as he bowed a formal adieu and withdrew past the drawn-up sentinel-like figure of Mr. Challoner, without a motion on his part or on the part of that gentleman to lighten an exit which had something in it of doom and dread presage.

CHAPTER XXX.

Chaos.

It is not difficult to understand Mr. Challoner's feelings or even those of Doris at the moment of Mr. Brotherson's departure. But why this change in Brotherson himself? Why this sense of something new and terrible rising between him and the suddenly beclouded future? Let us follow him to his lonely hotel room and see if we can solve the puzzle.

But first, does he understand his own trouble? He does not seem to. For when, his hat thrown aside, he stops, erect and frowning under the glaring gas jet he had no recollection of lighting, his first act was to lift his hand to his head in a gesture of surprising helplessness for him, while snatches of broken sentences fell from his lips among which could be heard:

"What has come to me? Undone in an hour! Doubly undone! First by a face and then by this thought which surely the devils have whispered to me. Mr. Challoner and Oswald! What is the link between them? Great God! what is the link? Not myself? Who then or what?"

Flinging himself into a chair, he buried his face in his hands. There were two demons to fight—the first in the guise of an angel. Doris! Unknown yesterday, unknown an hour ago; but now! Had there ever been a day—an hour—when she had not been as the very throat of his heart, the light of his eyes, and the crown of all imaginable blisses?

This was no passing admiration of youth for a captivating woman. This was not even the love he had given to Edith Challoner. He did not know himself. There was nothing in his whole history to give him an understanding of such feelings as these.

He, Orlando Brotherson, had never thought much of love. Science had been his mistress; ambition his lodestar. Miss Challoner had roused—well, his pride. He could see that now. The might of this new emotion made plain many things he had passed by as useless, puerile, unworthy of a man of mental caliber and might. He had never loved Edith Challoner at any moment of their acquaintance, though he had been sincere in thinking that he did. Doris' beauty, the hour he had just passed with her, had undeceived him.

Did he hail the experience? It was not likely to bring him joy. This young girl whose image floated in light before his eyes, would never love him. She loved his brother. He had heard their names mentioned together before. He had been in town an hour. Oswald, the cleverest girl in western Pennsylvania.

He had accepted the gossip then; he had not seen her and it all seemed

very natural—hardly worth a moment's thought. But now—

And here, the other demon sprang erect and grappled with him before the first one had let go his hold. Oswald and Challoner! There is more than Fate's caprice in Challoner's interest in a man he never saw. Had he found the connecting link? Had it been—could it have been Edith! The preposterous is sometimes true; could it be true in this case?

He recalled the letters read to him as hers in that room of his in Brooklyn. He had hardly noted them then, he was so sure of their being forgeries, gotten up by the police to mislead him. Could they have been real, the effusions of her mind, the breathings of her heart, directed to an actual O. B., and that O. B. his brother? Oswald had been east, Oswald had even been in the Berkshires before himself. Oswald—Why it was Oswald who had suggested that he should go there—go where she still was. Why this second coincidence, if there were no tie—if the Challoners and Oswald were as far apart as they seemed and as conventionalities would naturally place them. Oswald was a sentimentalist, but very reserved about his sentimentalities. If these suppositions were true, he had had a sentimentalist's motive for what he did. As Orlando realized this, he rose from his seat, abstract at the possibility of confronting him from this line of thought. Should he contemplate them? Risk his reason by dwelling on a supposition which might have no foundation in fact? No. His brain was too full—his purposes too important for any unnecessary strain to be put upon his faculties. No thinking! Investigating first. Mr. Challoner should be able to settle this question. He would see him. Even at this late hour he ought to be able to find him in one of the rooms below; and, by the force of an irresistible demand, learn in a moment whether he had to do with a mere chimeras of his own overwrought fancy, or with a fact which would call into play all the resources of an hitherto unconquered and undaunted nature.

There was a wood-fire burning in the sitting-room that night, and around it was grouped a number of men with their papers and pipes. Mr. Brotherson, entering naturally looked that way for the man he was in search of, and was disappointed not to find him there; but on casting his glances elsewhere, he was relieved to see him standing in one of the windows overlooking the street. His back was to the room and he seemed to be lost in a fit of abstraction.

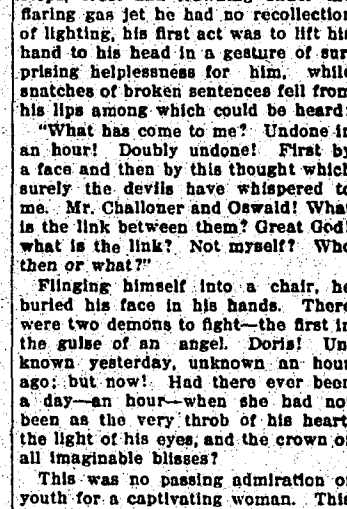
Orlando was, as I have said, an extraordinary specimen of manly vigor in body and in mind, and his presence in any company always attracted attention and roused, if it never satisfied, curiosity. Conversation accordingly ceased as he strode up to Mr. Challoner's side, so that his words were quite audible as he addressed that gentleman with a somewhat curt:

"You see me again, Mr. Challoner. May I beg of you a few minutes' further conversation? I will not detain you long."

The gray head turned, and the many eyes watching showed surprise at the expression of dislike and repulsion with which this New York gentleman met the request thus emphatically enough. But his answer was courteous enough. If Mr. Brotherson knew a place where they would be left undisturbed, he would listen to him if he would be very brief.

For reply, the other pointed to a small room quite unoccupied which opened out of the one in which they then stood. Mr. Challoner bowed and in another moment the door closed upon them, to the infinite disappointment of the men about the hearth.

"What do you wish to ask?" was Mr. Challoner's immediate inquiry. (TO BE CONTINUED.)



"What Do You Wish to Ask?"

DADDY HAD HAD FULL MEAL

Wall of Small Boy Awakened "Sleepy" Man to Realization of What He Made Away With.

One night last week papa got home late. There had been so many things to attend to at the office and after that a customer from out of town had arrived, and—well, papa got home awfully late. He hated to disturb the family, so he camped in the dining room. And in the morning, being thirsty, he arose, drank water, and retired under the table again.

Then came his little son, the earliest to arise. Little son viewed the situation in the dining room, then lifted up his voice and wept.

"What's the matter?" groaned papa. "You've gone and drank up all the water in that glass aquarium you gave me for Christmas."

"Well, never mind that. You can put some fresh water in it, and it'll be all the better."

"Yes, but who's going to put fresh goldfish and pollywogs and mud turtles in it?"

Then papa sat up and took notice.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

ERUPTION ON ANKLE BURNED

Kingsville, Mo.—"My trouble began eighteen years ago. Nearly half of the time there were running sores around my ankle; sometimes it would be two years and a time before they were healed. There were many nights I did not sleep because of the great suffering. The sores were deep running ones and so sore that I could not bear for anything to touch them. They would burn all the time and sting like a lot of bees were confined around my ankle. I could not bear to scratch it. It was always so sensitive to the touch. I could not let my clothes touch it. The skin was very red. I made what I called a cap out of white felt, blotting paper and soft white cloth to hold it in shape. This I wore night and day.

"I tried many remedies for most of the eighteen years with no effect. Last summer I sent for some Cuticura Soap and Ointment. The very first time I used Cuticura Soap and Ointment I gained relief; they relieved the pain right then. It was three months from the time I commenced using Cuticura Soap and Ointment until the sores were entirely healed. I have not been troubled since and my ankle seems perfectly well." (Signed) Mrs. Charles E. Brooks, Oct. 22, 1910.

School Books



and school supplies for all grades. You will find everything needed in our Book Department. We are prepared to

Equip Every Scholar

from one just beginning on up to the senior at the high school, with every book and supply needed and at prices, too, as low, if not lower than anywhere else.

Central Drug Store

Crawford Avalanche.

G. P. Schwann, Editor and Proprietor.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One Year.....\$1.50
Six Months.....75
Three Months.....40

Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice at Grayling, Mich. under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, SEPT. 4

Frederic News.

Little Clio Horton entertained at a birthday party last Saturday.

Floyd Goshorn is happy over the arrival of a son at his home. It is likely he will call him Eugene.

Mr. and Mrs. Abraham are entertaining the latter's sister and husband from Montreal, Ont., and another sister and brother, from Detroit.

The youngest child of Sidney Barber had a narrow escape from drowning in a tub of water, while the mother was out in the field getting corn for dinner. The baby in charge of the other children, crept to a tub full of water and over balanced. The result was a bad scare.

For Sale—One good six octave organ and violin. Mrs. CORA STEPHAN, Grayling.

Beaver Creek.

Ralph Hanna went to Edward camp Saturday.

Miss Beacie Failing is visiting relatives in Detroit.

Miss Elsie Mortensen of Flint is home for a vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Baker spent Sunday with Jens Hansen.

Miss Elsie Nelson, from Illinois, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Gust Resburg.

Peter Mortenson, who has been visiting his uncle, Andre Mortensen has returned to Flint.

Miss Durham is visiting her sister, Mrs. Bernhart Christensen at the home of Hans Christensen.

Notice to Patrons of the Public School.

In accordance with the new law governing the sale of school text books, books for use in Grayling schools will be placed on sale at actual wholesale rates plus 10 per cent. For public convenience books will be sold at the Central Drug Store and sold for cash only.

M. A. BATES, Director.

Effects of Love.
Man's second childhood begins when a woman gets hold of him.—J. M. Barrie.

...Millinery...

Showing the New Fall Hats

We have a nice selection of Trimmed Hats for Fall wear, that will be on special display Saturday. We have an extra fine lot of

Beaver Hats

We have been adding stock in our other lines and are showing some excellent things in Glassware—Water Sets, Berry Sets, Bowls, Vases, etc.; also Dolls, Box Stationery and many other useful things.

Mrs. F. E. Gregory
Successor to Miss Sias

Temple Theatre

The Great Benedict

and All Star Vaudeville Show.

Starting Thursday. Sept. 4-5-6.

They call the BENEDICTS spiritualists, mind readers, fortune tellers and clairvoyants, and some people make extravagant claims that the BENEDICTS possess supernatural powers. But the BENEDICTS deny the assertions of being supernatural. DR. BENEDICT is the seventh son of the seventh son, and according to the Holy Bible, possesses an unknown veil of power. BENEDICTS locate lost and stolen articles, missing friends and relatives, lost papers and missing jewelry, diagnosing difficult cases pertaining to family and domestic troubles. He also tells you how to overcome sorrowful conditions and turn your life into a happy one. The mysterious BENEDICTS do marvelous things. This is the BENEDICTS' first engagement in GRAYLING. Have played American Music Hall, New York City.

September 4th, 5th, 6th.

There will be a grand parade at the M. E. church next Sunday.

Students and comforters at real bargain prices at Brenner's Cash store.

Miss Dora Bigelow of Flint, is visiting friends here until September 15th.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Brick attended the picnic at Topinabee last week Friday.

The Misses Martins of Bay City are guests of Miss Mabel Dargis this week.

Mrs. Wm. Wendt and children of Tawas City, are spending a few days at the home of Herman Dorah.

The village of Frederic has added another grade to her school course. They now have a school of eleven complete grades. Fine!

Miss Florence Doty returned to her home in Grand Rapids, Thursday last after spending several weeks with her sister, Mrs. Oscar Schumann.

Miss Helen Regan will return to Toledo tomorrow to continue her studies at the Ursuline academy, after spending her summer vacation at her home here.

H. C. Walker went to Alger last Friday and visited W. Dunn for a few days and then went to Sterling to visit friends and relatives. He will return tomorrow.

If you want to get a real good insight into the average dog's disposition, stop on his tail good and hard, but do not fail to climb a fence while you are studying the problem.

Mr. and Mrs. James Overton returned first of the week, from a vacation spent at the home of the former's parents, in Illinois. On their return trip Mr. Overton was unfortunate in having his pocketbook stolen. It contained about \$60 in money and their railroad passes.

The city schools opened on Tuesday morning with an enrollment of 455 pupils. This is an increase of 33 over the first day's of last year. At present there is considerable congestion in some of the grades, but this will be remedied as soon as the new building on the south side is ready for use.

The County Board on carrying concealed weapons had a meeting at the court house on Tuesday last and considered the application of eight persons. Four of these were granted and four denied. It seems to be policy of the board to grant licenses only where it seems absolutely necessary. The board is made up of the sheriff, prosecuting attorney and clerk of the county.

Henry Stephens has purchased the old Hartnell Hotel site, at Grayling, and according to reports will erect a modern hotel at a cost of \$35,000 to \$40,000. A first class hotel is one of the live necessities of a good city and we want to congratulate the citizens of Grayling upon their good fortune. Mr. Stephens, who is president of the fair society, is also ordering a number of improvements to the fair grounds. Two new buildings, for stock and poultry are now under course of construction. Also the race track and base ball grounds are being improved. Mr. Stephens is an unselfish and enterprising gentleman; he is only satisfied when he has the best, and when he once turns his hands toward an accomplishment, things have to move.

A most enjoyable outing was planned by Luther Horrick last week Friday when he invited a number of Grayling people to a boat trip. The party, numbering about fifty people, left Grayling on this morning for Indian River where they boarded the large launch of Captain McConnell and steamed up Indian river into beautiful Mulletlake. This is probably the largest inland lake in Michigan, being about 15 miles long and from three to five miles wide. The party stopped at Topinabee, a resort along the western shore, and had an enjoyable basket dinner. From there they steamed up Cheboygan river nearly up to Cheboygan. They returned over the same course later in the day and made a short run to Burt lake and afterward took the evening train home, arriving about 8:45 p. m. Those who made the trip speak in highest praise of the outing and say they had a fine time.

San Diego is to see the reproduction of the caravels of Columbus, the Santa Maria, Pinta and the Nina, and the harbor of San Diego is to be the first one on the Pacific coast of the United States to hail them, after they have passed through the Panama canal. These reproductions of the caravels of Columbus, constructed for the World's Columbian exposition in Chicago in 1893, have been in Jackson park, in Chicago ever since that time, but on the 15th of the present month they will leave the Jackson park lagoon and really start on their long journey to the Pacific coast. They will first be taken to the drydock at South Chicago, where they will remain until they are made entirely seaworthy. From Chicago the little fleet will proceed to Boston and there they will tie up for the winter. In the spring they will be manned by crews of students from Harvard and begin their long cruise. It is planned to skirt the Atlantic, stopping at San Salvador, the first land discovered by Columbus, then go on to Panama and through the canal. Doubtless the little vessels will be compelled to stop at some Pacific port on the west coast of Central America or Mexico for supplies, but the first stop on American soil after their passage through the canal will be at San Diego.

Henry Cooper accompanied his grandfather, E. W. Coombs to his home in Traverse City yesterday and will spend a few days there.

At the special meeting of the board of health of Bay City, the secretary was instructed to issue an order to the police department to the effect that all dogs found running at large after Thursday, August 28, shall be shot. A number of dogs were shot by the police Tuesday and City Scavenger Zingg was kept busy removing the carcasses.

The Ladies aid of the Methodist church enticed Mrs. Hutton to the home of one of their members while they congregated at the parsonage Monday afternoon and thus gave her a complete surprise on her return—the occasion being her birthday which came on Sunday. The ladies came with plenty of provisions for a delightful feast and each left with Mrs. Hutton a beautiful handkerchief, a token of their regard. Rev. Frazer, a former pastor here was present at the party.

Cheboygan, Mich., Aug. 28.—Joseph Komer, of Grayling, who is to be taken to Bay City for trial on a perjury charge will face a more serious charge. This morning after reading in a newspaper that he had married a fifteen year old girl, a woman appeared before Prosecuting Attorney Sargent and alleged she is Komer's wife. She lives in this city. She states family differences compelled her and Komer to separate last winter. She then came to Cheboygan to make her home. Komer gave his age as 29. The woman who claims to be Mrs. Komer gave her age as 50.

The people of Grayling are very much interested in the good fortune of Alvin La Chapelle, one of our local boys. Last week he received papers to show up a part of his claim. The legal certificates show \$160,000 to his credit when the division is made in the middle of October at the administrative sale to take place in Wisconsin. Alvin's father left here 22 years ago, after working for Blodgett & Burns of Beaver Creek, and went to Minnesota and started in a hotel. After three months, having made a start, he went into the woods of Wisconsin and bought a small tract of timber and sold it. Then he took to mining industries with a few shares and by a stroke of good luck managed to get a monopoly on the mine. After a couple of years he bought timber in Wisconsin and stock in steel mills of Gary, Ind., and with the dividends bought a brick block in Los Angeles, and was there at the time of his death. Alvin has been working right along as if nothing happened and some of our citizens doubted that he was going to get any of this fortune, but he has proven now that he has as good as landed his share which will amount to \$602,000.00, or better, which he will have in his possession in October. Then he will go to the M. A. C. for a couple of terms at least and further his education.

A lone robber entered the home of Rev. Fr. Riess yesterday afternoon and was discovered in the act of rifling the house by Mrs. Mills, the housekeeper, when she returned from a visit at Mercy hospital. Mrs. Mills got the fellow by the collar and demanded him to tell what he was doing there and how he got in but he refused to tell, only saying that he wanted to see Fr. Riess. This didn't please the lady who next decided she would lead him to the door which she intended to lock and keep him a prisoner until help could come to her assistance; but as they approached the door the fellow gave her a sudden push through the office door and made his escape. The robber ran through the yard toward the school house and evidently back down town. Sheriff Benedict was soon on his trail but failed to find him. Rev. Riess and Chas. Fehr by that time arrived from Portage lake and went out in search of the thief and soon found him in Foreman's saloon and captured him as he started out of the back door and soon landed him in jail. He had gone through the clothing and grips in search of money and was in the act of emptying Mrs. Mills' pocket book when discovered. This contained about \$3.00 and some small change. He got the change and had on his person when discovered, Rev. Riess' best silk hat, his fountain pen, cigar holder and a few other things. The same fellow had been at the parsonage that morning asking for money to get him to Grayling where his wife was staying. Rev. Riess offered to be at the next train north bound and gave him a ticket for his passage, but would not give him money. He was readily recognized by Rev. Riess and Mrs. Mills as their visitor of that morning. He gave his name as John Mancecki, and his residence as Grayling. Two other parties, who had been seen with him are being kept under close watch by the local officers.

South Side Locals.

Mr. Wilcox is quite sick at Mercy hospital.

Mrs. Fred Winslow has returned home after a visit with relatives and friends.

Geo. Williams has returned to Saginaw where he is employed by the Saginaw Gas Co.

Frank La Mont and family of Shingleton are here visiting parents after an absence of six years.

James Atherton of West Branch has moved to Grayling. He is employed at the Kerry & Hanson Flooring mill.

GRAPE FRUIT PEEL

Often, Usually Thrown Away, May Be Utilized for Consumption in the Winter.

You can make use of the grape fruit skins in the following manner if the fruit is fresh and perfect. Remove it in four sections or quarters and cut it into strips about an inch wide. Weigh the peel; then weigh an equal quantity of sugar. Cover the peel with fresh cold water and let stand over night. In the morning simmer slowly in this same water until it is very tender, easily pierced with a broom straw. Best to use a wide, rather shallow, pan or preserve kettle, so as not to crowd the peel, and allow it to cook uniformly and without breaking. When tender take from the fire and let stand until morning. Drain off the liquid, add more water if not sufficient to cover well. The amount of water should be half that of sugar. Cook the sugar and water to a syrup but not too thick; add the peel and simmer slowly until it is nearly absorbed and peel comparatively clear. Let it get nearly cold, then pick out the peel, roll in granulated sugar and place on waxed paper to dry. Keep in wide-mouthed glass jars. If peel gets too hard you can freshen it by cooking whatever quantity you desire for use in a little syrup until it softens, and again roll in sugar, or use at once. The syrup can also be used to sweeten and flavor.

TRY THIS APPLE MINT JELLY

No More Delicious Combination, for Those Who Like Flavor, Can Be Served With Mutton.

Apple juice forms the basis of a great number of our preserves and jellies, and here is an idea that will be new and pleasing to those who dearly love their mutton served with mint and apple jelly, as it should be. Cut apples out without paring; simply cutting out bruises and imperfect spots. Barely cover with cold water, put a cover over the kettle and let them simmer until soft throughout; then turn into cheese cloth and drain. Measure a quart of this juice and three cups of sugar. Set the sugar in the stove over, spread on a shallow dish. Place the juice on to boil with the fresh, tender leaves from a bunch of mint. Cook 20 minutes at a boil; strain out the leaves; add the hot sugar and boil until the syrup will jelly when tested on a cold saucer. If you wish the pretty green color of the mint jelly served you at the tea room table, use a little, as it must be a dainty tint. Pour into glasses same as other jelly. A pretty fancy is to use tiny tumblers or glasses such as the imported bar-de-duc comes in. One of these can be served to each guest or member of the family.

Diarrhoea Quickly Cured.

"I was taken with diarrhoea and Mr. Yorks, the merchant here persuaded me to try a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. After taking one dose of it I was cured. It also cured others that I gave it to." writes M. E. Gebhart, Orville, Pa. That is not at all unusual as an ordinary attack of diarrhoea can almost invariably be checked by one or two doses of this remedy. For sale by all dealers. Adv.

Notice.

All persons are hereby forbidden to sell to any member of my family, or any other person, any goods, to be charged to my account, without an order from me. I will pay no bills unless ordered by me after this date.

Dated August 25th, 1913.

Aug 23 3 ROBT. SIZES.

Coming.

United Doctors Specialist will make their regular visit to

Grayling,

New Russel Hotel
Tuesday, Sept. 16th.

Hours 9:00 a. m. to 6:00 p. m.

Remarkable Success of these talented physicians in the treatment of Chronic Diseases.

The United Doctors, licensed by the state of Michigan for the treatment of deformities and all nervous and chronic diseases of men, women and children, offer to all who call on this visit consultation, examination and advice free of charge.

These doctors are among America's leading stomach and nerve specialists and are experts in the treatment of chronic diseases of the blood, liver, stomach, intestines, skin, nerves, heart, spleen, kidneys, bladder, rheumatism, sciatica, diabetes, bed-wetting, leg ulcers, weak lungs, and those afflicted with long-standing, deep-seated, chronic diseases that have baffled the skill of other physicians, should not fail to call.

Weakness has often been cured in sixty days. According to their system no more operations for appendicitis, gall stones, tumors, gonor, piles etc. By their method these diseases are treated without operation or hypodermic injection. They were among the first in America to earn the name of "Bloodless Surgeons," by doing away with the knife, with blood and with pain in the successful treatment of these dangerous diseases. If you have kidney or bladder troubles, bring a two-ounce bottle of your urine for chemical analysis and microscopic examination. Worn-out and run down men or women, no matter what your ailment may be, no matter what you have been told or the experience you have had with other physicians, submit it forever to your mind. If your case is incurable they will tell you so. Consult them upon this visit. It costs you nothing. Married ladies must come with their husbands and minors with their parents.

MAVO.



You can't buy inferiority in a suit made-to-measure by

Ed. V. Price & Co.

Chicago.

Good workmanship, which is an assurance that the clothes will retain their shapeliness, is distinctly evident in every garment.

It matters not by what standard you measure Ed. V. Price & Co. tailoring—it has achieved an excellence that challenges comparison with the creations of the most exclusive tailoring shops and offers values that have never been duplicated for the money.

SALLING, HANSON COMPANY

A FEW SPECIAL PRICES

White and Colored Wash Goods

- 25c plain corded and Crepe white Voiles, 40 inches wide. Clearance price, per yard. **15c**
- White checked and striped Flaxon and Linaire cloths. 25c value. Sale price, per yard. **15c**
- Short lengths of fine imported unbleachable Nain-sook. 45c value. Clearance price, per yard. **18c**
- White Dots and Figured Swisses. 25c value. Clearance price, per yard. **15c**
- 500 pieces of colored Wash Goods, consisting of Dotted Swisses, Fast Blacks, Batistes, Irish Dimities, Silk Dot Handkerchief Linen and 32-inch Gingham. 15 and 25c values. Clearance price, per yard. **9c**

Spreads, Sheets and Cases

- 350 Crinkle Bed Spreads—slight imperfection in the crinkle. Light weight. They do not have to be ironed.
- Size 82x90. Sale price **\$1.15**
- Size 72x90. Sale price **\$1.05**
- Size 62x90. Sale price **95c**
- 72x90 Bleached Seamless Sheets made from a good standard cotton. Sale price each **59c**

Soft finished Bleached Pillow Cases, free from dressing.

- Size 42x36-inch. Sale price **12c**
- Size 45x36-inch. Sale price **12c**

A. KRAUS & SON

ADVERTISING AND PRINTING

THAT'S OUR BUSINESS—ALWAYS READY FOR YOUR ORDER. WHAT'S WANTED?

Our Line of SCHOOL SUPPLIES

is better than ever.

OUR SPECIAL TABLET

of 100 sheets—best quality paper—at

5c, or 6 for 25c

is a wonder.

A. M. Lewis & Co.

Druggist and Prescription Specialist

Crawford Avalanche.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, SEPT. 4

Local and Neighborhood News.

Phone No. 5 for auto service.

Furnish rooms for rent. Enquire of Mrs. J. Debenmeyer.

The best 5c tablet for pencil for 4c at Brenner's Cash store.

Lester Osborne took a day's fishing trip to Lovells last Saturday.

Miss Blanche Blouin is attending the Bay City fair this week.

Work team for sale. Enquire of Joseph Baker, Grayling, Mich. 828 w2

Clifford Fairbanks, of Marquette is visiting Miss Florence countryman.

Miss Bessie Felling is visiting relatives and friends in Detroit for a time.

Cherlevoix county will hold its fair at East Jordan from September 9th to 12th.

Miss Bessie McCullough has gone to Detroit to attend the Thomas training school.

Geo. Drott arrived home Monday morning from a visit with relatives at Tekonsha.

Mr. Guy Bradley, of Detroit, was a guest of Miss Ethel Tromble the first of the week.

Miss Martha Christenson returned to Detroit Saturday morning after a visit with relatives here.

Fred Pratt had a short visit with his family at Bridgeport last Sunday returning Monday morning.

Michael Shanahan enjoyed a week's visit from his brother, Edmund C. Shanahan of Grand Rapids.

While we do not handle school books, A. M. Lewis & Co. handles the best line of school supplies in the city.

Next Saturday, Sept. 6th, will be the twelfth anniversary of the assassination of President Wm. McKinley.

At three o'clock on Tuesday, the mercury registered 95 degrees in the shade and 110 degrees in the sun.

Fire insurance is too cheap to be without. Why are you so negligent? GEO. L. ALEXANDER & SON.

Miss Marguerite Chamberlin returned Monday morning from Detroit, where she had visited several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. James Buchanan went to Lovells last Saturday to spend a few days visiting and fishing.

Miss Elizabeth Baudel, art teacher at Ferris Institute, Big Rapids, was the guest of Miss Florence Countryman last week.

Will Herie of Boyne City spent Sunday here with his parents. He left Monday for Bay City to assist in the 3rd Regimental band, during the fair.

Miss Edna McCullough has accepted a position in a millinery establishment at Perry, Mich. and left for that city Monday to take up her duties.

The Misses Hattie and Beatrice Gierke returned Tuesday morning from an extended visit in Toledo and Perryburg, Ohio and Detroit, with relatives and friends.

Rev. and Mrs. Knudsen arrived from Denmark on Monday, August 25th, safe from their trip. The Rev. is again assuming his duties as pastor of the Danish Lutheran church.

Frank Woodruff Sr. returned on Thursday last from Ann Arbor where he underwent an operation for mastoiditis. He says he feels like a new man and resumed his employment as brakeman on the M. C. R. the first of September.

Carl Johnson returned the first of the week from a vacation spent in Detroit. While away he attended five ball games between Detroit Tigers and New York and Boston. He says that he had a fine visit with "Red" McKee, a former Grayling player, who is one of the big sensations with the Tigers this year. McKee is very popular with Detroit fans and is liable to put the veteran catcher, Stange on the bench. Mr. Johnson says that the Tiger players were very much interested in the Grayling-Orange games. There is perhaps nothing that attracts a town as well as a crack ball team.

When August comes, the month in Detroit, shaking friends.

Our base ball team will go to Cheboygan next Sunday for a game.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Preston and children spent Sunday at Gaylord.

Blankets and comforters at real bargain prices at Brenner's cash store.

There will be a meeting of Masonic lodge tonight. Work in the first degree.

Marriage license has been granted to Ugo K. Layman, age 37, and Lois McWehby, age 42, both of Frederic.

Mrs. Newton Reagan and children of Bay City have been visiting at the home of Mr. Reagan's father, Jerry Reagan.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. L. Alexander and son Fred are enjoying a few days at Higgins lake, the guest of Mrs. Cora Converse Mason.

Mrs. Howard Drumming and children of Wolverine, who have been visiting at the home of Frank Leeper, returned home on Monday last.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Willard of Flint, returned to their home Tuesday morning, after a pleasant week spent at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Brink.

Miss Gladys Wheeler, who has been spending her summer vacation here, returned to Saginaw Monday afternoon to continue her duties at St. Vincent's school.

The storm of last Monday afternoon raised hob with the local telephones, besides injuring some of the workman at the mill and doing considerable other lesser damage.

You will have no disappointments if you place your auto livery orders with H. A. Pond. Good, clean, gentlemanly service and prompt and safe delivery. Phone No. 5.

The Saginaw team representing the Morley Bros. Wholesale Hardware, that was to play here last Sunday and Monday failed to show up; and sent no word that they wouldn't be here.

During the absence of John Harrington at Mackinaw City Monday, the lightning struck his barn, tearing the boards off the corner of the building. It is surprising that it was not set on fire.

John Harrington visited his wife at Mackinaw City, Sunday, where the latter is stopping for the betterment of her health. Mr. Harrington says that she is looking and feeling fine, and seems greatly improved.

Albert Gronloff of Muncie, Ind., who has been visiting relatives and friends here for the past two weeks, left for Battle Creek Sunday morning to visit his wife who is in a local sanitarium there on account of ill health.

Capt. William Case and wife of Owosso have arrived at Portage lake and are camping in a tent until their cottage is completed. Their two sons are also here, one is Sergeant Earl Case and the other a school boy.

There was but a small attendance at the play given in Danish by the Young Peoples' society. This was probably because of it being given on Saturday evening. It was an interesting affair and much enjoyed by those who did attend.

M. Brenner and wife and three children left for a pleasure and business trip through Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland and Chicago, on Wednesday. They expect to return in two weeks. J. J. Collen is on duty as night marshal during Mr. Brenner's absence.

Edward Cobb, one of the early settlers in Maple Forest township, passed away at his home in Farmington, Aug. 28th. He is survived by his wife and daughter, the latter residing in Maple Forest. Mr. Cobb will be remembered by the older residents of the county.

It is with no small regret that we announce the death of Paul Dittman, which occurred August 23 last. He was the son of Louis Dittman, contractor, who is constructing the school building on the South side, also the heating plant building at the court house. The young man was 30 years old and will be remembered by our people as he had been assisting in the work here up to a few weeks ago. Typhoid fever was the cause of his death. This was a sad blow to the members of his family, especially to his young wife.

Rubber stamps at this office.

The best 5c tablet or pencil for 4c at Brenner's Cash store.

M. S. Fuller, who has been playing third base for our base ball team this summer has gone to his home in Paw Paw.

Miss Martha Joseph, who has been visiting in New York for some time returned home on Monday.

Mrs. Geo. Cross and children, who have been visiting friends here for the past month left on Thursday last for Detroit to spend a week, after which they will return to their home in Milwaukee, Wis.

Earl H. Bolton, of Gaylord, one of northern Michigan's most prominent citizens died late Monday night from cancer of the stomach. Mr. Bolton was born in Leslie, Mich. in 1862. He was a member of the legislature in 1901-3. Surviving him are a widow and daughter.

"Dago" Laurent who is playing ball with the Studebaker team at Detroit, is having a good season. He plays third sack and left field and is doing great work, according to reports. At 50 at bat, he is hitting the ball at a 30c clip, leading the team and stands 6th in the Manufacturers' league. In the last Sunday game at Grand Haven he pounded out a home run.

Miss Florence Weiler returned to her home in South Bend, Ind., after a several weeks' visit here, the guest of Miss Minna Kraus. She was accompanied as far as Detroit by Miss Minna and her brother Gottie, who will resume his duties after a two weeks' vacation spent here. Miss Minna will visit in Detroit for a time and then will go to New York, also for a visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Rasmus Hanson arrived home Sunday morning last from a visit at their old homestead at Island Palster, in Denmark. They were accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Robert Bay and son, whose homes are in the state of Montana. Mrs. Hanson and Mrs. Bay are sisters. They report a most enjoyable summer and only regret that their visit wasn't longer. Their entire time was spent at their old home with an exception of a trip to Hamburg, Germany. There they visited the home quarters of the Hagenbeck shows. This is probably the greatest zoology on earth. At this place there are specimens of almost every specie of wild animals in existence. These animals are provided with quarters as near like their native haunts as is possible. Many of them are bred and sold at enormous sums. Here is also the greatest training quarters of wild animals in the world. The grounds comprise several hundred acres. Also on their return trip home they made a brief visit to the popular and well known summer resort, Coney Island. The party arrived home well and happy and are glad to be back with their home people again.

Additional local news on opposite page.

ANNOUNCEMENT

To the people of Grayling and the Traveling Public: We hereby announce the opening of the

New Russel Hotel

Under New Management.

Having leased the New Russel Hotel it will be our intention to make this the most comfortable hotel in the city. The place is being thoroughly overhauled and will be placed in first class condition.

Also there will be a first class Lunch and Short Order department added and be open for business at all hours.

RATES: \$2.00 and \$1.50 per day.

The people of Grayling and the traveling public are cordially invited to make this their headquarters.

John F. Davis
Manager.

CANNING TIME!

PLUM TIME IS HERE.
Peaches, Pears and Tomatoes on the way.

Order your SUGAR, SPICES,
CANS, CAN TOPS and
CAN RUBBERS Now

and have them on hand when your fruit comes in.
Be sure to give the new VACUUM Jar Caps a trial.

Leave your orders early at

BRINK'S GROCERY

Where Quality, Weight and Measure are Guaranteed
GRAYLING, MICH.

Model Bakery

Has any one told you that on THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 11th, the Model Bakery will give a

100-page School
Tablet

with each

Ten Cent Loaf

of Cassidy's Model Bread

Remember the Date

You all know what
Model Bread is.

Model Bakery
Thos. Cassidy.

CANNING SEASON

IS HERE AND

WE ARE RECEIVING DAILY
FROM THE BEST FRUIT
GROWERS IN THE COUNTRY

Tomatoes, Crab Apples, Peaches,
Grapes, Plums, Pears,

ALSO

Green Peppers, Ripe Peppers, Cucumbers, Pickling Onions, Granulated Sugar, Cans and Can Rubbers.

M. SIMPSON

PHONE

MANILA, SHOW CITY OF THE ORIENT

HERE can be no doubt that Manila is—at least for Americans—about the most interesting place in the world. The old and the new, the obsolete and the advanced, the historic and history in the making can nowhere be found in more contrast. The massive and picturesque walls of the old Spanish city are fortunately intact, though a dozen years ago many Filipinos would gladly have seen them banished with the Spanish flag. The unwholesome medieval moat, however, has been filled up and turned into the first Philippine public playground. Vast swampy malarial tracts have been reclaimed and made into parks beautiful with tropical foliage and flowers and every evening enlivened by the music of good Filipino bands.

Solid waterfronts and valuable building sites have also been created. Fine bridges and fine roads have come into existence as by magic and clean streets put to shame some of the boasted cities of the Occident. While the climate is a continual summer, the healthiness of Manila is now proverbial. It is called the healthiest city in the Orient, and has been made so by unremitting care, such as sending inspectors twice a week to look after conditions, and even in many private houses to disinfect drains. In parts of the city still unsewered refuse is carried away in light receptacles and burned, receptacles and all. The utilization of such refuse for fertilizers is impracticable as the dreaded amoeba which lurks in the soil is stimulated into activity by impurities.

The "walled city" keeps its medieval character, though such of its denizens as cholera, smallpox, leprosy, plague and fever have been routed. One delights in the picturesque of the old, narrow, tortuous streets with their low, wide spreading buildings, shut in courtyards and blind entrances, irregular arches and gables, balconies and small barred windows, crooked outside stairs and useless turrets. A modern air is given to some of the palatial residences by enclosed gardens, but there are few, gardens seeming to have been much less prized by the Latins than they are by recent comers. In other parts of the town most livable homes of all grades have multiplied space, open all around to air, each with its palm-shaded garden and its broad verandas draped with flowering vines and hanging ferns and orchids.

In the business streets, pretentious shops are close neighbors to Chinese or Jap-



anese tiendas looking like nothing but big packing boxes open to the sidewalk, the wares kept neatly folded on shelves along the sides, while a front shelf affords repose for the cigarette-smoking proprietor or proprietress when not molested by custom.

The city's busy traffic, its air of life and stir suggest little of the "sweet do nothing" of the torpid east. Smart automobiles and auto trucks share right of way with countless one-horse two-wheel cabs and carts drawn by the wide-horned, small-necked, amphibious carabao or water buffaloes.

Then men of all classes wear white duck, but the gay, flowing costumes of the Filipino women give plenty of color, to say nothing of the pretty frocks from across the seas.

The water thoroughfares present activities and contrasts not less striking than those of the land. The harbor is often crowded with liners, war vessels, transports, cutters, cruisers, sailing ships, yachts and, as well as the river and its canals, swarms with long, quaint scows, called cascos, laden with rice or hemp, corn or coconuts, bananas, bread fruit, small green, ripe oranges and many other fruits and vegetables. There are fishing craft of a hundred fantastic shapes and bearing sails of amber or carmine dye.

When it comes to buildings, it is hard to credit 1901 or thereabout as the date when American architects and builders first set to work in Manila. It would seem that an Aladdin spell must have helped the work along. In no ill accord with the old Spanish churches, stands the dignified American cathedral, Bishop Brent's, and other and simpler churches neither encroach upon nor are belittled by churches of the old order.

The Manila hotel is called the completest and most artistic hotel of the east. It is young, but does not show its age. It will soon celebrate its second birthday.

There are in Manila five excellent hospitals of American make, including the Mary Johnson home and the Tuberculosis hospital in a high-lying suburb. Strange to say, there is as yet no insane asylum, a lack, as can easily be understood, that often causes peculiar hardship and suffering.

There are homelike pensions under Methodist management for girls and for boys who come as students from the provinces and who would otherwise lead but a makeshift existence. Presbyterians and others carry on helpful church activities.

Bumby prison, as it has been evolved during

the past eight years, challenges the attention, study, admiration and imitation of all lands. And in connection with it should be studied the self-governing penal agricultural settlement on the island of Palawan, which has already proved a notable success.

The army and constabulary quarters are models of their kind. The building of the Young Men's Christian association in Manila and the one at Fort McKinley, donated by Helen Gould, are perfect in their equipment. There are clubs aplenty. The stranger asks, What is this or that fine structure? The answer may be, such or such a municipal building. Yonder is one for medical research. That is the headquarters for public works. There is the plant for the public water supply, and there is the ice plant.

The Ayuntamiento, the old Spanish capitol building, is now used for the Philippine assembly and for the government offices. Its commodious hall is the center of interest, as it is there that the laws are made for the islands and their finances regulated. Eighty Filipinos form the assembly, which may be described as corresponding to our lower house. The "commission," which is at once senate and cabinet, consists of four men from the islands and five from the states, including the governor-general and the vice-governor. Several of these men are heads of departments. All bills passed in the assembly must be ratified by the commission in order to become laws. The upper chamber has the power of veto. But this function is usually exercised in the less drastic form of laying on the table questionable measures—and leaving them there.

It goes without saying that as Americans have charge of things there are schools galore. In these, throughout the islands, 600,000 pupils are gathered. Now all schools, including the parochial, the Jesuit and those of other religious orders, are under government supervision as regards the standard of scholarship. The schools are all embracing, from the university to the kindergarten, including state, church, mission, boarding, charity, industrial, trade and normal; even schools for the blind and the deaf and dumb and, by no means least, for the training of nurses.

Manila depends much for its interest and fascination upon the native nipa dwellings seen on every hand. They are scattered, keeping up the ever present note of contrast, among the modern houses, or huddled, almost touching each other, on the poorest lands or lined along miles of road in suburban barrios. Nipa is a coarse dwarf palm of which the Filipino makes anything, from a string or a basket to the house he lives in. Like all thatched construction the nipa cottage is wonderfully picturesque. As a rule it is raised on posts eight or ten feet above the often damp or marshy ground, and thus affords a shelter for chickens, goats and even pigs and ponies. When these cottages are, as is more and more the case, clean in their surroundings, and have the shade of coconut palms, broad-leaved bananas or plumb trees, with the breeze among them of a brilliant fire tree or the bloom of a lovely halibone, the effect is of a finished picture. This is heightened at dusk as lights appear inside the

unglazed windows and tiny gypsy fires are lighted under the house to cook the "unpolished" rice, with possibly a bit of cheap fish, for supper. The pot is often watched by a man and woman, wizen before their time, squatting on their heels, each smoking the perpetual cigarette. The woman is apt to be holding, always tenderly, the smallest of half a dozen nearly naked children. The man with no less care fondles a docile but spurred game cock. Fields for manly sport are slowly rivaling the cockpit with its ruinous idleness and betting. The Filipino women have always shared the passion for gambling with their men, to the hurt of the family and its earnings. Many of them are now learning embroidery. They do it well and find it even more interesting than cock fights or cards or craps.

A visitor is lucky who comes upon one of the tidier cottages and spies a youth with scarlet trousers and bare bronze torso tumbling a sort of guitar for the benefit of a nut-brown maid at the window above the stairs. She has delicate features and bright eyes and a long and strikingly graceful neck, and a mass of smooth, glossy, jet black hair hangs below her waist over her gay balloon-sleeved bodice and folded panuelo, or kerchief. One waits, half expecting to see a chorus emerge from the flowery background and break into dance or song. But, black! such romantic illusions are rare and fleeting. The reality that stays is homely and hard and sometimes tragic.

Manila is beautiful for situation. The bay to the west is as blue as the Mediterranean and the splendor of the sunsets is beyond telling. Sometimes nothing is to be seen but luminous sky and water. Then of a sudden there appear as if just created the scalloped hills of the distant coast beyond the long low peninsula of Cavite, formerly, and still to some extent, used as a naval station. The fortified island of Corregidor, soft and dim on the horizon, stands in reality a veritable armed Titan to guard the narrow entrance of the vast bay. Close beside it the lovely mountain of Maribales suggests an earthly paradise, but in fact it is the unfriendly abode of the Negritos, a race resembling the pigmies of Africa.

Beyond on other shores and on other islands of the vast Philippine archipelago are other races unclaimed, untamed, unchristian. Among them, most dreaded by foreigners and natives, are the fanatical, treacherous, fierce Mohammedan Moros.

As we look at the work in Manila and throughout the Philippines during the last ten years we feel that America has made here its finest mark—the finest and fairest. It is not too much to say, made by any western people in any eastern colony. But it has not done enough. Nor would it have done enough if the material benefits bestowed were immeasurably greater. Altruism has still its most potent part to play, its most inimitable demands to meet. There is need of more American missionaries, wise, consecrated, tactful. There are such men and women already at work in the provinces—teachers, doctors, instructors in manual industry and in farming—uplift workers, who are at the same time evangelists. And there are those who give themselves wholly to preaching and to pastoral work. Of all this service it would be a joy to tell if space allowed. But we owe a far larger ministry to bodies and minds, and above all to souls that consciously or unconsciously are feeling after God if haply they may find him.

SHOULD SCORE A HOME.

Kitty—Oh, Fan, dear, what do you think? Mr. Profundo, who sings in our choir, wishes me to marry him. What would you advise?
Fan (well named)—Take your bass.—Boston Transcript.

STRIKERS HOLD GREAT MEETING

ASK SENATE TO INVESTIGATE CONDITIONS IN COPPER COUNTRY.

WESTERN FEDERATION MOVES OFFICES TO CALUMET.

With Backing of American Federation of Labor and Half Million of Funds Union Will Fight to Finish for Recognition.

Calumet, Mich.—Sweltering crowds of miners and their families, strikers, women and children, numbering close to 6,000, hundreds of them standing, signified their intention of sticking to the fight against the copper mining corporations of northern Michigan by the Western Federation of Miners, when they patiently listened for three hours to an address by President Charles H. Moyer, of the Federation and others, Sunday. They gave unanimous acclamation vote, adopting resolutions which demand an investigation of industrial conditions and the strike here by the United States senate, "in the name of the people of Calumet."

This demonstration by the miners outdid anything of the like attempted since the mining companies began reopening the mines three weeks ago. The assurance that the Federation will have the backing of the American Federation of Labor and will have money with which to support the strikers has caused many wavering workmen to sway back to the cause.

In the parade there were about 1,000 women and children and 3,000 men, while the Palestra rink, Laurium, where Federation leaders addressed the strikers, was packed, despite the close, hot weather.

Federation speakers come out openly and admit that the strike is practically founded on the demand for recognition of the Western Federation of Miners.

The Federation has moved its headquarters from Denver, Colo., to this city and with the \$100,000 loaned by the Illinois miners and help from other sources totaling about half a million it is expected to carry the fight to a finish.

Street Car Company Head.
San Francisco—J. W. Lillenthal, a San Francisco capitalist, was chosen successor to Patrick Calhoun as president of the United Railroads of San Francisco at the annual meeting of the stockholders of the company Thursday, and a directorate, composed of California men, with a single exception, was named to supplant the former directorate, made up of eastern capitalists. The United Railroads of San Francisco is a subsidiary of the United Railroads Investment Co., of New Jersey.

Frankfort fruit dealers sold 50,000 crates of red raspberries during the season just closed. They received an average price of \$1.50 a crate.

Fire gutted the Helmer Boodale block, on Main street, in Battle Creek, Monday and damaged adjoining property, causing a loss estimated at \$100,000.

Meeting of Press Club.

The annual meeting of the Western Michigan Press club will be held in Traverse City, September 25 and 26, upon invitation of the board of trade of that city.

Among the features of the meeting will be talks by President Day, Secretary Gibson and Assistant Secretary Ellsworth, of the Western Michigan Development bureau, and there will be a display of fruits, grains and other products of Western Michigan. A member of the Michigan Printers' Cost commission also will give an address. The time of the meeting is during the same week of the Grand Traverse Region fair in Traverse City.

Three Officers Die at Sea.
San Francisco—The army transport Thomas brought home from the Philippines the bodies of three officers who died at sea.

Maj. Julius N. Killian, of the commissary department of the regular army, died in the arms of his wife and daughter. Capt. J. C. Dow died between Honolulu and San Francisco. He was on the way to visit his brother, Capt. E. P. Dow, of New York.

Orlando H. Parker, U. S. consul at Borneo, died August 6.

The Thomas was seven days overdue, having encountered two typhoons, one of which forced her to put back to Nagasaki for four days.

Marine Band to Visit State.
Washington—President Wilson, it was announced has granted the United States marine band a long leave of absence, so that the famous organization may make the fourth tour of its history. The trip will last from September 29 until November 15, and will take in the New England states, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Michigan, West Virginia and Maryland.

Permission for the tour was granted on the solicitation of the United States senators representing the states mentioned.

Strike Riots in Dublin.
Dublin—There were furious riots in several parts of this city Sunday, especially in Sackville street where Thomas Larkin, secretary of the Transport Workers' union, one of the tramway strike leaders for whom a warrant was out for a seditious speech Friday night, was arrested.

During the fighting one person was killed and hundreds of others were taken to the hospitals. The city is greatly excited.

Women to Befriend Horses.
Chicago—The horse is to benefit by woman's suffrage. If Mrs. Florence Bennett Peterson, corresponding secretary of the Illinois Equal Suffrage association, is able to carry out her plans, they include making the streets fit for the horses to do their work, the abolishment of overloaded wagons, reasonable working hours, and regular feed without nosebags.

Two Killed in Fire.
New York—Thousands of curious gathered in many lands and stacked high in the apartments of Hipolito Uriarte, for 50 years a Spanish consul, fed a fire kindled in lighting a cigar Friday and blocked the way of the aged diplomatist and his wife to safety. Uriarte was found dead, leaning across a window sill; his wife, Marie Louise, mistook a window leading to an airshaft for one opening on a fire escape, and plunged four stories to her death.

Many Lives Lost in Tokio.
Tokio—Extensive loss of life and property has been caused throughout Japan by the typhoon which has raged here for several days. More than 60 persons were killed and hundreds of bridges and houses destroyed.

In Tokio itself 15,000 houses were inundated. In the country districts the railroads were heavy losses and the crops were much damaged.

William Stever, of Roscommon, was killed by falling from the loft of his barn Saturday.

Hog cholera is ravaging swine herds to such an extent in this state that the price of pork will be materially affected, say those connected with the animal husbandry department of the Michigan Agricultural college.

MEXICO MUST PAY DAMAGES

International Commission Will Determine Amount Due U. S. From Huerta Government For War Losses

Washington—Mexico will have to settle to the last cent the millions of dollars damage done to property owned by Americans in the southern republic, since the reign of rebellion began three years ago. During the present lull in the negotiations between the United States and the Huerta government the state department is turning its attention to the immense indebtedness that Huerta is piling up to be settled by his successors.

An international commission will ascertain this indebtedness, it was definitely stated Saturday.

Officials of the state department said that by reason of the Madero rebellion and the present disturbance Americans already had sustained a loss of \$500,000,000. The international commission will be charged with ascertaining.

U. S. Holds Last Lottery.
Glasgow, Mont.—At a minute past midnight Monday registration under the direction of Judge J. W. Witten of the interior department began for the drawing of lands in the Fort Peck Indian reservation in northwestern Montana, embodying 1,345,000 acres.

This will mark the last big land lottery in the United States. The Fort Peck reservation contains altogether more than 2,000,000 acres.

The drawing will be held here beginning September 23. It is estimated that 80,000 will file applications.

Ann Arbor Boy Drowned.
Phillip Nimke, 20 years old, of Ann Arbor, was drowned in the Huron river while bathing with his brother, Nimke was ready to leave the water when he stepped into a hole 15 feet deep. He called for help and his brother caught him by the hand, but was unable to save him. The current carried the body several hundred yards and it was an hour before it was found. A pulmotor was used for two hours without effect.

Encampment Money for Strike.
Inasmuch as the state military department will not use the money allowed for the annual encampment this year, Auditor-General Fuller says he is going to try and have the state military board replace the amount that would have been used for the encampment, had it been held, into the general fund, in order to reimburse the state in part for the heavy expense occasioned by troops being maintained in the strike district.

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Cheery
"Good Morning"
When the breakfast includes
Post Toasties
and cream

These toothsome bits of carefully cooked Indian Corn have glorious flavour that meets with favor most everywhere.

No cooking necessary—ready to eat direct from packages.

Ask your grocer for Post Toasties.

APPLE IS KING OF FRUITS

Other Kinds Rank Low in Comparison, When All Qualities Are Considered.

The most valuable of the tree fruits without doubt is the apple. In regard to its varieties, in size, color, composition, keeping qualities and differences in taste, it is the king of fruits. Without a rival in the world, the Practical Farmer asserts. No other tree fruit can justify claim comparison with

it. Oranges and pineapples are agreeable for a change, but confined to them, people would tire of them in a week. Peaches, pears, apricots, plums and cherries are excellent in their season, which is short in comparison with apples. Some kinds of apples will keep sound and preserve their good flavor until apples grow again.

For years apple raising has been more profitable than grain raising, even where the orchards were neglected, neither being pruned nor sprayed. The apple raising business has

greatly increased, and some well informed orchardists declare that the business is being overdone, that too many new orchards are being planted, and that soon there will be no profit in growing apples.

The distance to plant trees apart should not be less than thirty-two feet both ways. This gives the roots ample room to forage without trespassing on the domains of the roots of another tree. There is no doubt that the trees will grow faster and produce better by cultivating the or-

chard, especially while the trees are small. If cultivated and cropped it should also be manured, so as not to rob the trees of the sustenance that belongs to them.

Unique Walking Race.
A walking race of about 75 miles in which the competitors must touch the door of each of the 17 ancient parish churches in the Isle of Man and return within 24 hours, began at Douglas recently. There were nine en-

In Detroit Sept. 15-20

\$100,000 In Premiums
and Purses

One Solid Week of Pleasure and Profit

MICHIGAN'S EDUCATIONAL OUTING
BIGGER AND BETTER THAN
EVER IN 1913

Some of the Many Attractions:

ENORMOUS AGRICULTURAL and HORTICULTURAL and Industrial Exhibits. Demonstrations of Michigan's Soil, Hand and Brain wealth. Look into the Wolverine State's shop window at the Michigan State Fair.

COLOSSAL LIVE STOCK and Horse Shows. Greatest exhibition of pure bred horses, cattle, sheep, hogs and poultry in the Fair's history.

AUTO RACES. GALAXY of speed Celebrities. The world's most powerful machines driven by the world's most daring pilots: Oldfield, Burman, Mulford, Disbrow, Tetzlaff and Endicott. Don't miss these Kings of the Speedway.

CONQUEST OF THE AIR. Daily trips to the clouds in Korn's Tractor Biplane. Latest French Type. Passengers carried on every flight. Practicability of the Air Machine shown for the first time at the 1913 Fair. Spectacular and instructive.

RACING PROGRAM. Grand Circuit Races with \$40,000 in purses. Champions of the turf to compete. Foremost Reinsmen: "Pop" Gees, Murphy, Cox and many others. Rich Stake feature decided daily.

EVENING HORSE SHOW. All the thrilling features of the New York Show Rings. Sensational feats of Horsemanship. Equine Aristocracy in Novel jumping and Parade stunts. Unique attractions every evening.

MUSIC. Weber's Prize Band. 60 Gifted Artists in a varied program. Popular and Classic musicales Afternoon and Evening. Talented Soloists and other Entertaining sights.

SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS. Wortham & Allen's combined shows. No Fakes. Clean, Wholesome amusement. Spectacular Fireworks display every evening. Gigantic Michigan Wild Fowl exhibition.

ACCOMMODATIONS. Tented City with all Sleeping Comforts and Properly Policed. Hospital and Rest tents for Women folks and Little Ones. Expert attendants in charge.

Write to 501 Bowles Building, Detroit, for Premium List and further information.

**PLAN YOUR VACATION IN
DETROIT
AT THE
MICHIGAN STATE FAIR
Sept. 15-20**

State of Ohio, city of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of \$100.00 for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Frank J. Cheney.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1896.

A. W. GILMANSON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. Cheney & Co.,
Toledo, O.

Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN,
The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

At a session of said court, held at the probate office in the village of Grayling, in said county, on the 16th day of August, A. D. 1913.

Present: Hon. Wellington Datterson Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of James B. Woodburn, deceased.

Emma Woodburn, widow of said deceased, having filed in said court her petition, praying that said court adjudicate and determine who were at the time of his death the legal heirs of said deceased, and entitled to inherit the real estate of which said deceased died seized.

It is ordered, that the 19th day of Sept., A. D. 1913, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition;

It is further ordered, that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, for three successive weeks preceding the said day of hearing, in the CRAWFORD AVALANCHE, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

WELLINGTON DATTERTSON,
Judge of Probate.

[A true copy.]
WELLINGTON DATTERTSON,
Judge of Probate. aug21-w

Safest Laxative For Woman.

Nearly every woman needs a good laxative. Dr. King's New Life Pills are good because they are prompt, safe and do not cause pain. Mrs. M. C. Dunlap, of Leadville, Tenn., says: "Dr. King's New Life Pills helped her troubles greatly." Get a box today. Price 25c. Recommended by A. M. Lewis & Co. Adv.

THE WORD HELL.

A Little Book That Contains Some Startling Information.

A little book selling at only five cents, postpaid, is having a very wide circulation—running up into the millions. It contains some very startling information respecting the meaning of the word Hell. It claims to demonstrate, both from the Hebrew and the Greek of our Bible, that Hell is NOT a place of eternal torment, but merely another name for the TOMB, the GRAVE, the STATE OF DEATH. It affects to show that man was not redeemed from a far-off place of eternal torture, but quotes the Scriptures proving that he was REDEEMED from the GRAVE at the cost of his Redeemer's LIFE and that the Scriptural Hope, both for the Church and the World, is a resurrection hope based upon the death and resurrection of Jesus. The book is certainly worth the reading. The information it furnishes is certainly valuable, far beyond its trifling cost. Order it at once from the Bible and Trinet Society, 17 Elcks Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Notice of Letting Road Building Contract.

Sealed bids will be received until Friday, September 5, 1913, for the building of a gravel road, on county line, south side of section 36, town 25 north, range 3 west, to be built according to state specifications now on file at the offices of the Highway Commissioner and Township clerk of the township of Beaver Creek, Crawford County, Mich., contracts to be let to the lowest responsible bidder, the township reserving the right to reject any or all bids. Signed
IVORY R. GILK,
Highway Commissioner,
Beaver Creek Township.

Notice of Bridge Letting.

Sealed bids will be received until Friday, September 5, 1913, for building bridge between sections 33 and 34, town 25 north, range 3 west. Said bridge to be built of concrete according to specifications now on file at the offices of the highway commissioner and township clerk of Beaver Creek township, Crawford County, Mich.

Also cement bridge on quarter line of section 36, town 25 north, range 3 west, according to specifications now on file at the offices of the above mentioned township officers.

Contracts to be let to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, the township reserving the right to reject any or all bids. Signed
IVORY R. GILK,
Highway Commissioner,
Beaver Creek Township.

Do You Fear Consumption?

No matter how chronic your cough or how severe your throat ailment, Dr. King's New Discovery will surely help you. It may save your life. Stillman Green of Malchite, Cal. writes: "Two doctors said I had consumption and could not live two years. I used Dr. King's New Discovery and am alive and well." Your money refunded if it fails to benefit you. The best home remedy for cough, colds, throat and lung troubles. Price 50c and \$1.00. Guaranteed by A. M. Lewis & Co.



THE MAN BEHIND.

GENERAL MANAGER GEORGE W. DICKINSON, WHO IS DOING MUCH TO MAKE THIS YEAR'S MICHIGAN STATE FAIR A RECORD BREAKER IN EVERY RESPECT.

Sure to Be Michigan's Greatest Exposition

This Year's State Fair Bound to Prove
the Biggest and Best Ever Staged
In the Wolverine State.

WHEN the portals of the Michigan State Fair roll back on Sept. 15 it will mark the opening of the sixty-fourth annual holiday of the Wolverine State and incidentally usher in the most complete and best balanced exposition ever presented in the west.

With an array of attractions never before exhibited in the west and the show buildings packed to the gills with exhibitors, all previous records will be surpassed, and the 1913 Fair will be known as the nearest approach to a perfect community reunion ever staged. Here will be exhibited the handwork of Michigan's soil, hands and brains—the agricultural and industrial wealth of the richest commonwealth in the Union, displayed in a highly attractive manner.

Not only will there be exhibitors, but there will also be actual practical working demonstrations which will aid both the farmer and city man to apply his knowledge more profitably. The aim of the Michigan State Fair of 1913 is not merely to amuse, but to instructively entertain and educate.

More than ever this year the State Fair will be the people's holiday, the state's big educational outing. It has taken a lot of money to bring this about, \$100,000 in premiums and prizes being hung up to secure attractions and act as a magnet for exhibitors.

This huge sum has attracted the leading live stock, vehicle and industrial exhibitors in America and abroad, to say nothing of furnishing clean, wholesome amusements, such as horse racing, auto speeding, biplane demonstrations and free outdoor attractions.

In brief, the 1913 management wishes to eradicate the idea that the Michigan State Fair is a promoter of frivolity in the shape of light, superficial entertainment, but rather that the Fair exerts an enlightening influence throughout the Wolverine State.

Remember that Sept. 15-20 are the days set apart for the big commonwealth reunion, and it is your duty to contribute your part to the success of the same by being present.

ANIMAL SHOW ENGAGED.

Wortham and Allen's Organization to Give Daily Performances.

Wortham and Allen's Carnival and Animal Shows have been secured at a big cost for this year's Michigan State Fair Sept. 15-20. This remarkable organization enjoys the full confidence of every big fair management because it furnishes clean and wholesome amusements.

The Wortham and Allen feature enable patrons to visit the Fair and enjoy a circus at the same time—a circus that is instructive as well as interesting. The famous troupe of trained ponies, which always furnish no end of delight for the children, will be more comprehensive than ever.

These ponies will be hitched to chariots and raced like their big thoroughbred cousins. The children may visit the Shetland pony tent whenever the little fellows are not performing and give them a few loving pets.

Place Your Orders
With this
Office for



RUBBER STAMPS
TYPEWRITER
RIBBONS and Supplies
COPPER and STEEL
ENGRAVINGS and
LITHOGRAPHING.

We handle the VERY BEST in Quality only.

Mortgage Sale.

Whereas, default having been made in the payment of the money secured by a mortgage dated the 14th day of March, 1910, executed by John McGillis, being a purchase price mortgage of the township of South Branch, Crawford County, State of Michigan, to Daniel Jones, Leslie, of Ingham County, State of Michigan, which said mortgage was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in the county of Crawford in Liber H. of mortgages on page 102 on the 4th day of April A. D. 1910 at nine o'clock a. m. And whereas, the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice is the sum of one hundred sixty-six dollars and five (\$166.05) cents of principal and interest, and the further sum of fifteen (\$15.00) dollars as an attorney's fee that is fixed by statute and the stipulation in said mortgage and which is the whole amount claimed to be unpaid on said mortgage and no suit at law having been instituted to recover the debt on said mortgage or any part thereof, whereby the power of sale in said mortgage has become operative.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale, and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described at public auction to the highest bidder at the entrance of the front door of the court house, in the city of Grayling, Crawford County, Michigan (that being the place wherein the Circuit Court for the county of Crawford is held) on the second day of December next at one o'clock in the afternoon of that day, which said premises are described as follows, to wit: The southwest one-fourth (1/4) of the southwest one-fourth (1/4) of section thirty-two (32), town twenty-five (25) north of range one (1) west.

Dated August 27th, 1913.
EDWARD D. BLACK,
Administrator of the estate of Daniel Jones, Deceased, Mortgagee.
BLACK & ROBERTS,
828 w13 Attorneys for Mortgagee.

Strengthens Weak Kidneys.

Don't suffer longer with weak kidneys. You can get quick relief by taking Electric Bitters, that wonderful remedy praised by woman everywhere. Start with a bottle to-day, you will soon feel like a new woman with ambition to work, without fear of pain. John Dowling of San Francisco, writes: "Gratitude for the wonderful effect of Electric Bitters prompts me to write. It cured my wife when all else failed." Good for the liver as well. Nothing better for indigestion or biliousness. Price 50c and \$1.00 at A. M. Lewis & Co. Adv.

Endurance Counts Most

WHEN your sheds are full of machines and one or two are crowded out into the open, which is it that invariably stands outside with the sun and the wind beating on it every day, drying and warping the wood, or with rain rusting the iron? It's the wagon. Other machines are stored away, dry and covered, yet many of them work for short seasons only. The wagon works the year around, is always under the strain of heavy burdens, always getting rough treatment. It can't stand the strain of such a life for many years unless, like IHC wagons—

Weber Columbus New Bettendorf Steel King

it has built into it the utmost of endurance, toughness, and sturdiness. IHC wagons are built of wood of very best quality, every bit as good as they look. Look them over, you don't find any cross grained, knotty, split, or faulty timber. Every stick—oak and hickory for the wheels, yellow or bay poplar for box sides and long leaf yellow pine for bottoms, is selected from first grade lumber and carefully inspected. Every stick is toughened and seasoned by two or three years of air-drying.

All steel and iron parts are chosen with the same end in view—greatest durability and longest life. Experts test and verify every part. Before the wagon is ready for you it must pass many thorough inspections. The timber, metal, shaping and fitting, painting, every detail must be just right.

Buy one now, watch its steady service on your farm, and mark this—your future reliance will be on the IHC wagon. That future order is our ultimate aim. Columbus and Weber wagons have wood gears; New Bettendorf and Steel King have steel gears. See them at the dealer's. Get catalogues from him, or, write the

International Harvester Company of America
(Incorporated)
Saginaw, Mich.

Despondency.

Is often caused by indigestion and constipation, and quickly disappears when Chamberlain's Tablets are taken. For sale by all dealers. Adv.

Manistee & N. E. R. R. Time Card

In effect May 4, 1913.

Read Down.			Read Up.		
A. M.	P. M.		P. M.	P. M.	
6.00	7.25	Grayling ar	11.55	4.35	
6.54	7.34	Resort ar	11.46		
8.21	3.28	"Signa	1.17	3.32	
9.20	4.00	"Rowley	12.44	1.36	
11.13	4.37	"Walton	12.20	1.00	
4.55		"Buckley	11.03	1.13	
5.33		"Glengarry	10.39		
5.43		"Kaleva	9.55		
5.50		"Chief Lake	9.45		
6.20		"Norwalk	9.39		
		"Manistee	9.29		
			A. M.	P. M.	
8.00	4.15	Manistee ar	12.10	6.40	
8.46	4.58	"Kaleva	11.23	5.53	
9.08	5.25	"Copemish	11.00	5.25	
9.14	5.32	"Nassau Cy	10.49	5.17	
9.48	6.00	"Platte Rvr	10.17	4.49	
9.56	6.05	"Lake Ann	10.11	4.44	
10.11	6.20	"Soda	9.45	4.25	
10.17	6.26	"Fouch	9.42	4.16	
10.30	6.40	Traverse ar	9.30	4.00	
			A. M.	P. M.	

† Daily, except Sunday.

The Famous Salt and Mineral Baths at Manistee, Michigan

Rheumatism, Nervous Disorders, Skin Diseases, Catarrh, Kidney, Liver and Bladder troubles are all cured by the famous salt and mineral baths at Manistee, Mich. Most cases very reasonable. Grayling, Manistee, Mich.

SAN JAK

The Greatest Cure and Preventive for Bright's Disease.

No one ever cured kidney trouble with a pill, powder, tablet or mineral water. The reason is there is nothing in them by which you can force the drug to the vital point and neutralize the poison in the tissue and reduce the inflammation or granulation of the kidneys. (These are statistics by the most eminent men in the faculty.) Symptoms of kidney trouble—swelling under the eyes, grayish white or wax color of the skin denotes granular diseases of the kidneys. The cure is SAN-JAK. The reason is clear. SAN-JAK neutralizes poison in the tissue of the vital organs of the body, clearing away inflammation and catarrh in all parts of the digestive tract and vital organs. SAN-JAK is the only preparation allowing a normal expansion of the kidneys at all times, by which action the kidneys are enabled to absorb alkaline sulphates, which are the decomposed products of the bowels, and eliminate them. Otherwise, in renal weakness, this condition is the cause of ill health and Bright's with rheumatism. SAN-JAK will not harm a well person, and for the weak ones its faithful use means perfect health and strength for young and old. Diseases should die of old age, not disease.

San-Jak will keep your blood as pure as a lily. We sell San-Jak and will guarantee satisfaction or return the price of one bottle, \$1.00.

Central Drug Store
Grayling, Mich.

IF YOU WANT to do a worthy deed for your children or your friends children, you should send for this Patriotic Picture (14x10 inches) in color, representing the Declaration of Independence, Abolition of Slavery, the Panama Canal, and THE BIOGRAPHY AND PORTRAITS OF OUR PRESIDENTS. The purpose of this picture is to make girls and boys more ambitious to study and attain some lofty position in life. This picture interests both young and old. Therefore, if you desire this picture send 10 cents in silver and a two-cent stamp and it will promptly be mailed to you postpaid. Write your address plain. No free samples. Agents, when people know you have these pictures they may make a beaten path to your door. Mention this publication when you order. Address all correspondence to Wm. Pike, 19 E. 14th St., New York City, N. Y.

THE BIOGRAPHY AND PORTRAITS OF OUR PRESIDENTS.

Office Hours—9 to 11 a. m. 2-4, 7-8 p. m.
Residence on Peninsular Avenue, opposite G. A. R. Hall.

Drs. Insley & Keyport Physicians & Surgeons

Office over Lewis & Co's Drug Store.

Office Hours—9 to 11 a. m. 2-4, 7-8 p. m.
Residence on Peninsular Avenue, opposite G. A. R. Hall.

Bank of Grayling.

Successor to Crawford County Exchange Bank.

MARIUS HANSON
PROPRIETOR.

Interest paid on certificates of deposit. Collections promptly attended to. All accounts handled with care and consistency with safe and conservative banking.

MARIUS HANSON, Cashier

G. A. Canfield, D.D.S.

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OFFICE:
Over Alexander's Law Office on Michigan Avenue.
Office hours: 8.30-11 a. m. 1-2.30 p. m.

O. Palmer ATTORNEY AT LAW

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FIRE INSURANCE.

HUMPHREYS'

These remedies are scientifically and carefully prepared prescriptions; used for many years by Dr. Humphreys in his private practice, and for nearly sixty years by the people with satisfaction.
Medicine Book mailed free.

	Price
1. Powel's Compound, Intermittent	25c
2. Worms, Worm Powd.	25c
3. Cough, Croup and Whooping Cough	25c
4. Catarrh, of Children and Adults	25c
5. Cough, Croup, Whooping	25c
6. Toothache, Rheumatism, Neuralgia	25c
7. Stomach, Acid Stomach, Vertigo	25c
8. Rheumatism, Indigestion, Weak Stomach	25c
9. Croup, Whooping Cough, Croup	25c
10. Croup, Whooping Cough, Croup	25c
11. Croup, Whooping Cough, Croup	25c
12. Croup, Whooping Cough, Croup	25c
13. Croup, Whooping Cough, Croup	25c
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30. Croup, Whooping Cough, Croup	25c